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THE APPENDICES PROVIDE VALUABLE INFORMATION AND BACKGROUND ON THE FIVE COUNTY REGION. THIS INFORMATION IS INCLUDED IN THE CONSOLIDATED PLAN BECAUSE IT IS ESSENTIAL FOR THE UNDERSTANDING OF THE VARIOUS NEEDS IN THE AREA.

PROFILE OF GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS: 2000

The following 20 pages include the demographics for the five counties that make up the southwestern area of Utah. The U.S. Census Bureau provides data on counties in each state. The data is presented in Tables DP-1, DP-2, DP-3 and DP-4 for each of the five counties.

Due to the number of pages that reproducing the tables for each individual town and city in this document would entail, they are not reproduced herein. They are readily available on the state of Utah web site.

Table DP-1. Profile of General Demographic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic Area: Beaver County, Utah

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total population	6,005	100.0	HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
			Total population	6,005	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	333	5.5
Male.....	3,090	51.5	Mexican.....	277	4.6
Female.....	2,915	48.5	Puerto Rican.....	4	0.1
Under 5 years.....	558	9.3	Cuban.....	1	-
5 to 9 years.....	551	9.2	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	51	0.8
10 to 14 years.....	557	9.3	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	5,672	94.5
15 to 19 years.....	512	8.5	White alone.....	5,491	91.4
20 to 24 years.....	396	6.6			
25 to 34 years.....	690	11.5	RELATIONSHIP		
35 to 44 years.....	753	12.5	Total population	6,005	100.0
45 to 54 years.....	704	11.7	In households.....	5,803	96.6
55 to 59 years.....	257	4.3	Householder.....	1,982	33.0
60 to 64 years.....	192	3.2	Spouse.....	1,329	22.1
65 to 74 years.....	430	7.2	Child.....	2,200	36.6
75 to 84 years.....	304	5.1	Own child under 18 years.....	1,905	31.7
85 years and over.....	101	1.7	Other relatives.....	175	2.9
Median age (years).....	30.8	(X)	Under 18 years.....	85	1.4
18 years and over.....	3,994	66.5	Nonrelatives.....	117	1.9
Male.....	2,059	34.3	Unmarried partner.....	52	0.9
Female.....	1,935	32.2	In group quarters.....	202	3.4
21 years and over.....	3,733	62.2	Institutionalized population.....	202	3.4
62 years and over.....	949	15.8	Noninstitutionalized population.....	-	-
65 years and over.....	835	13.9			
Male.....	376	6.3	HOUSEHOLD BY TYPE		
Female.....	459	7.6	Total households	1,982	100.0
RACE			Family households (families).....	1,531	77.2
One race.....	5,899	98.2	With own children under 18 years.....	819	41.3
White.....	5,599	93.2	Married-couple family.....	1,329	67.1
Black or African American.....	16	0.3	With own children under 18 years.....	686	34.6
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	54	0.9	Female householder, no husband present.....	138	7.0
Asian.....	37	0.6	With own children under 18 years.....	94	4.7
Asian Indian.....	1	-	Nonfamily households.....	451	22.8
Chinese.....	11	0.2	Householder living alone.....	406	20.5
Filipino.....	11	0.2	Householder 65 years and over.....	226	11.4
Japanese.....	4	0.1	Households with individuals under 18 years.....	865	43.6
Korean.....	1	-	Households with individuals 65 years and over.....	565	28.5
Vietnamese.....	1	-	Average household size.....	2.93	(X)
Other Asian ¹	8	0.1	Average family size.....	3.42	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	5	0.1	HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Native Hawaiian.....	1	-	Total housing units	2,660	100.0
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	-	-	Occupied housing units.....	1,982	74.5
Samoan.....	1	-	Vacant housing units.....	678	25.5
Other Pacific Islander ²	3	-	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	399	15.0
Some other race.....	188	3.1	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	4.8	(X)
Two or more races.....	106	1.8	Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	19.5	(X)
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: ³			HOUSING TENURE		
White.....	5,687	94.7	Occupied housing units	1,982	100.0
Black or African American.....	23	0.4	Owner-occupied housing units.....	1,566	79.0
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	113	1.9	Renter-occupied housing units.....	416	21.0
Asian.....	59	1.0	Average household size of owner-occupied units.....	2.99	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	19	0.3	Average household size of renter-occupied units.....	2.69	(X)
Some other race.....	226	3.8			

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹ Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

² Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

³ In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

Table DP-2. Profile of Selected Social Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Beaver County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH		
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school.....	1,757	100.0	Total population.....	6,005	100.0
Nursery school, preschool.....	142	8.1	Native.....	5,742	95.6
Kindergarten.....	81	4.6	Born in United States.....	5,714	95.2
Elementary school (grades 1-8).....	866	49.3	State of residence.....	4,175	69.5
High school (grades 9-12).....	541	30.8	Different state.....	1,539	25.6
College or graduate school.....	127	7.2	Born outside United States.....	28	0.5
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			Foreign born.....	263	4.4
Population 25 years and over.....	3,442	100.0	Entered 1990 to March 2000.....	144	2.4
Less than 9th grade.....	147	4.3	Naturalized citizen.....	76	1.3
9th to 12th grade, no diploma.....	432	12.6	Not a citizen.....	187	3.1
High school graduate (includes equivalency).....	1,322	38.4	REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN		
Some college, no degree.....	943	27.4	Total (excluding born at sea).....	263	100.0
Associate degree.....	183	5.3	Europe.....	20	7.6
Bachelor's degree.....	268	7.8	Asia.....	49	18.6
Graduate or professional degree.....	147	4.3	Africa.....	-	-
Percent high school graduate or higher.....	83.2	(X)	Oceania.....	-	-
Percent bachelor's degree or higher.....	12.1	(X)	Latin America.....	187	71.1
MARITAL STATUS			Northern America.....	7	2.7
Population 15 years and over.....	4,347	100.0	LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME		
Never married.....	842	19.4	Population 5 years and over.....	5,437	100.0
Now married, except separated.....	2,807	64.6	English only.....	4,988	91.7
Separated.....	62	1.4	Language other than English.....	449	8.3
Widowed.....	305	7.0	Speak English less than "very well".....	265	4.9
Female.....	245	5.6	Spanish.....	289	5.3
Divorced.....	331	7.6	Speak English less than "very well".....	177	3.3
Female.....	140	3.2	Other Indo-European languages.....	56	1.0
GRANDPARENTS AS CAREGIVERS			Speak English less than "very well".....	10	0.2
Grandparent living in household with one or more own grandchildren under 18 years.....	90	100.0	Asian and Pacific Island languages.....	45	0.8
Grandparent responsible for grandchildren.....	61	67.8	Speak English less than "very well".....	31	0.6
VETERAN STATUS			ANCESTRY (single or multiple)		
Civilian population 18 years and over ..	3,989	100.0	Total population.....	6,005	100.0
Civilian veterans.....	518	13.0	Total ancestries reported.....	5,968	99.4
DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION			Arab.....	3	-
Population 5 to 20 years.....	1,680	100.0	Czech ¹	8	0.1
With a disability.....	104	6.2	Danish.....	253	4.2
Population 21 to 64 years.....	2,750	100.0	Dutch.....	123	2.0
With a disability.....	473	17.2	English.....	2,140	35.6
Percent employed.....	65.8	(X)	French (except Basque) ¹	110	1.8
No disability.....	2,277	82.8	French Canadian ¹	4	0.1
Percent employed.....	79.7	(X)	German.....	612	10.2
Population 65 years and over.....	793	100.0	Greek.....	41	0.7
With a disability.....	389	49.1	Hungarian.....	12	0.2
RESIDENCE IN 1995			Irish ¹	243	4.0
Population 5 years and over.....	5,437	100.0	Italian.....	89	1.5
Same house in 1995.....	3,173	58.4	Lithuanian.....	4	0.1
Different house in the U.S. in 1995.....	2,195	40.4	Norwegian.....	103	1.7
Same county.....	961	17.7	Polish.....	36	0.6
Different county.....	1,234	22.7	Portuguese.....	16	0.3
Same state.....	689	12.7	Russian.....	8	0.1
Different state.....	545	10.0	Scotch-Irish.....	56	0.9
Elsewhere in 1995.....	69	1.3	Scottish.....	257	4.3
			Slovak.....	-	-
			Subsaharan African.....	11	0.2
			Swedish.....	132	2.2
			Swiss.....	15	0.2
			Ukrainian.....	-	-
			United States or American.....	551	9.2
			Welsh.....	183	3.0
			West Indian (excluding Hispanic groups).....	-	-
			Other ancestries.....	958	16.0

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹The data represent a combination of two ancestries shown separately in Summary File 3. Czech includes Czechoslovakian. French includes Alsatian. French Canadian includes Acadian/Cajun. Irish includes Celtic.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-4. Profile of Selected Housing Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Beaver County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total housing units	2,660	100.0	OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			Occupied housing units	1,982	100.0
1-unit, detached	2,035	76.5	1.00 or less	1,896	95.7
1-unit, attached	48	1.8	1.01 to 1.50	50	2.5
2 units	23	0.9	1.51 or more	36	1.8
3 or 4 units	70	2.6	Specified owner-occupied units	1,253	100.0
5 to 9 units	70	2.6	VALUE		
10 to 19 units	83	3.1	Less than \$50,000	87	6.9
20 or more units	53	2.0	\$50,000 to \$99,999	718	57.3
Mobile home	270	10.2	\$100,000 to \$149,999	314	25.1
Boat, RV, van, etc	8	0.3	\$150,000 to \$199,999	103	8.2
			\$200,000 to \$299,999	26	2.1
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			\$300,000 to \$499,999	5	0.4
1999 to March 2000	72	2.7	\$500,000 to \$999,999	-	-
1995 to 1998	257	9.7	\$1,000,000 or more	-	-
1990 to 1994	128	4.8	Median (dollars)	89,200	(X)
1980 to 1989	486	18.3	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED		
1970 to 1979	525	19.7	MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
1960 to 1969	157	5.9	With a mortgage	796	63.5
1940 to 1959	426	16.0	Less than \$300	16	1.3
1939 or earlier	609	22.9	\$300 to \$499	90	7.2
			\$500 to \$699	238	19.0
ROOMS			\$700 to \$999	314	25.1
1 room	42	1.6	\$1,000 to \$1,499	107	8.5
2 rooms	90	3.4	\$1,500 to \$1,999	27	2.2
3 rooms	149	5.6	\$2,000 or more	4	0.3
4 rooms	491	18.5	Median (dollars)	745	(X)
5 rooms	645	24.2	Not mortgaged	457	36.5
6 rooms	473	17.8	Median (dollars)	217	(X)
7 rooms	282	10.6	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
8 rooms	194	7.3	AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD		
9 or more rooms	294	11.1	INCOME IN 1999		
Median (rooms)	5.4	(X)	Less than 15.0 percent	510	40.7
Occupied housing units	1,982	100.0	15.0 to 19.9 percent	226	18.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			20.0 to 24.9 percent	150	12.0
1999 to March 2000	347	17.5	25.0 to 29.9 percent	106	8.5
1995 to 1998	511	25.8	30.0 to 34.9 percent	59	4.7
1990 to 1994	269	13.6	35.0 percent or more	196	15.6
1980 to 1989	307	15.5	Not computed	6	0.5
1970 to 1979	273	13.8			
1969 or earlier	275	13.9	Specified renter-occupied units	412	100.0
			GROSS RENT		
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			Less than \$200	12	2.9
None	116	5.9	\$200 to \$299	20	4.9
1	470	23.7	\$300 to \$499	143	34.7
2	782	39.5	\$500 to \$749	129	31.3
3 or more	614	31.0	\$750 to \$999	17	4.1
			\$1,000 to \$1,499	6	1.5
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			\$1,500 or more	2	0.5
Utility gas	1,207	60.9	No cash rent	83	20.1
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	88	4.4	Median (dollars)	490	(X)
Electricity	244	12.3	GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF		
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	297	15.0	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999		
Coal or coke	30	1.5	Less than 15.0 percent	63	15.3
Wood	110	5.5	15.0 to 19.9 percent	57	13.8
Solar energy	-	-	20.0 to 24.9 percent	58	14.1
Other fuel	6	0.3	25.0 to 29.9 percent	20	4.9
No fuel used	-	-	30.0 to 34.9 percent	23	5.6
			35.0 percent or more	104	25.2
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			Not computed	87	21.1
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	18	0.9			
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	4	0.2			
No telephone service	93	4.7			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-1. Profile of General Demographic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic Area: Garfield County, Utah

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total population	4,735	100.0	HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
			Total population	4,735	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	136	2.9
Male.....	2,421	51.1	Mexican.....	96	2.0
Female.....	2,314	48.9	Puerto Rican.....	1	-
Under 5 years.....	405	8.6	Cuban.....	3	0.1
5 to 9 years.....	396	8.4	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	36	0.8
10 to 14 years.....	418	8.8	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	4,599	97.1
15 to 19 years.....	455	9.6	White alone.....	4,440	93.8
20 to 24 years.....	238	5.0			
25 to 34 years.....	505	10.7	RELATIONSHIP		
35 to 44 years.....	591	12.5	Total population	4,735	100.0
45 to 54 years.....	652	13.8	In households.....	4,607	97.3
55 to 59 years.....	195	4.1	Householder.....	1,576	33.3
60 to 64 years.....	213	4.5	Spouse.....	1,047	22.1
65 to 74 years.....	377	8.0	Child.....	1,711	36.1
75 to 84 years.....	222	4.7	Own child under 18 years.....	1,430	30.2
85 years and over.....	68	1.4	Other relatives.....	157	3.3
Median age (years).....	33.8	(X)	Under 18 years.....	91	1.9
18 years and over.....	3,190	67.4	Nonrelatives.....	116	2.4
Male.....	1,612	34.0	Unmarried partner.....	55	1.2
Female.....	1,578	33.3	In group quarters.....	128	2.7
21 years and over.....	3,018	63.7	Institutionalized population.....	121	2.6
62 years and over.....	791	16.7	Noninstitutionalized population.....	7	0.1
65 years and over.....	667	14.1			
Male.....	301	6.4	HOUSEHOLD BY TYPE		
Female.....	366	7.7	Total households	1,576	100.0
RACE			Family households (families).....	1,199	76.1
One race.....	4,665	98.5	With own children under 18 years.....	605	38.4
White.....	4,496	95.0	Married-couple family.....	1,047	66.4
Black or African American.....	8	0.2	With own children under 18 years.....	508	32.2
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	87	1.8	Female householder, no husband present.....	107	6.8
Asian.....	19	0.4	With own children under 18 years.....	67	4.3
Asian Indian.....	7	0.1	Nonfamily households.....	377	23.9
Chinese.....	1	-	Householder living alone.....	323	20.5
Filipino.....	1	-	Householder 65 years and over.....	159	10.1
Japanese.....	8	0.2	Households with individuals under 18 years.....	644	40.9
Korean.....	1	-	Households with individuals 65 years and over.....	451	28.6
Vietnamese.....	1	-	Average household size.....	2.92	(X)
Other Asian ¹	1	-	Average family size.....	3.43	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	2	-	HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Native Hawaiian.....	-	-	Total housing units	2,767	100.0
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	-	-	Occupied housing units.....	1,576	57.0
Samoan.....	1	-	Vacant housing units.....	1,191	43.0
Other Pacific Islander ²	1	-	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	965	34.9
Some other race.....	53	1.1	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	4.6	(X)
Two or more races.....	70	1.5	Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	8.9	(X)
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: ³			HOUSING TENURE		
White.....	4,562	96.3	Occupied housing units	1,576	100.0
Black or African American.....	9	0.2	Owner-occupied housing units.....	1,247	79.1
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	119	2.5	Renter-occupied housing units.....	329	20.9
Asian.....	35	0.7	Average household size of owner-occupied units.....	2.91	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	3	0.1	Average household size of renter-occupied units.....	2.99	(X)
Some other race.....	85	1.8			

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹ Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

² Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

³ In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

Table DP-2. Profile of Selected Social Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Garfield County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH		
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school.....	1,301	100.0	Total population.....	4,735	100.0
Nursery school, preschool.....	100	7.7	Native.....	4,696	99.2
Kindergarten.....	65	5.0	Born in United States.....	4,681	98.9
Elementary school (grades 1-8).....	652	50.1	State of residence.....	3,304	69.8
High school (grades 9-12).....	402	30.9	Different state.....	1,377	29.1
College or graduate school.....	82	6.3	Born outside United States.....	15	0.3
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			Foreign born.....	39	0.8
Population 25 years and over.....	2,829	100.0	Entered 1990 to March 2000.....	6	0.1
Less than 9th grade.....	58	2.1	Naturalized citizen.....	19	0.4
9th to 12th grade, no diploma.....	343	12.1	Not a citizen.....	20	0.4
High school graduate (includes equivalency).....	921	32.6	REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN		
Some college, no degree.....	789	27.9	Total (excluding born at sea).....	39	100.0
Associate degree.....	145	5.1	Europe.....	16	41.0
Bachelor's degree.....	419	14.8	Asia.....	6	15.4
Graduate or professional degree.....	154	5.4	Africa.....	-	-
Percent high school graduate or higher.....	85.8	(X)	Oceania.....	-	-
Percent bachelor's degree or higher.....	20.3	(X)	Latin America.....	10	25.6
MARITAL STATUS			Northern America.....	7	17.9
Population 15 years and over.....	3,526	100.0	LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME		
Never married.....	772	21.9	Population 5 years and over.....	4,326	100.0
Now married, except separated.....	2,238	63.5	English only.....	4,176	96.5
Separated.....	30	0.9	Language other than English.....	150	3.5
Widowed.....	216	6.1	Speak English less than "very well".....	48	1.1
Female.....	189	5.4	Spanish.....	77	1.8
Divorced.....	270	7.7	Speak English less than "very well".....	16	0.4
Female.....	106	3.0	Other Indo-European languages.....	23	0.5
GRANDPARENTS AS CAREGIVERS			Speak English less than "very well".....	8	0.2
Grandparent living in household with one or more own grandchildren under 18 years.....	106	100.0	Asian and Pacific Island languages.....	15	0.3
Grandparent responsible for grandchildren.....	45	42.5	Speak English less than "very well".....	4	0.1
VETERAN STATUS			ANCESTRY (single or multiple)		
Civilian population 18 years and over.....	3,202	100.0	Total population.....	4,735	100.0
Civilian veterans.....	484	15.1	Total ancestries reported.....	5,064	106.9
DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION			Arab.....	3	0.1
Population 5 to 20 years.....	1,283	100.0	Czech ¹	16	0.3
With a disability.....	74	5.8	Danish.....	241	5.1
Population 21 to 64 years.....	2,286	100.0	Dutch.....	62	1.3
With a disability.....	302	13.2	English.....	2,076	43.8
Percent employed.....	50.3	(X)	French (except Basque) ¹	191	4.0
No disability.....	1,984	86.8	French Canadian ¹	16	0.3
Percent employed.....	77.8	(X)	German.....	509	10.7
Population 65 years and over.....	637	100.0	Greek.....	-	-
With a disability.....	254	39.9	Hungarian.....	14	0.3
RESIDENCE IN 1995			Irish ¹	350	7.4
Population 5 years and over.....	4,326	100.0	Italian.....	89	1.9
Same house in 1995.....	2,667	61.7	Lithuanian.....	-	-
Different house in the U.S. in 1995.....	1,618	37.4	Norwegian.....	70	1.5
Same county.....	670	15.5	Polish.....	31	0.7
Different county.....	948	21.9	Portuguese.....	32	0.7
Same state.....	530	12.3	Russian.....	7	0.1
Different state.....	418	9.7	Scotch-Irish.....	90	1.9
Elsewhere in 1995.....	41	0.9	Scottish.....	221	4.7
			Slovak.....	-	-
			Subsaharan African.....	4	0.1
			Swedish.....	116	2.4
			Swiss.....	45	1.0
			Ukrainian.....	-	-
			United States or American.....	323	6.8
			Welsh.....	101	2.1
			West Indian (excluding Hispanic groups).....	-	-
			Other ancestries.....	457	9.7

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹The data represent a combination of two ancestries shown separately in Summary File 3. Czech includes Czechoslovakian. French includes Alsatian. French Canadian includes Acadian/Cajun. Irish includes Celtic.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-4. Profile of Selected Housing Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Garfield County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total housing units	2,767	100.0	OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			Occupied housing units	1,576	100.0
1-unit, detached	2,180	78.8	1.00 or less	1,510	95.8
1-unit, attached	11	0.4	1.01 to 1.50	45	2.9
2 units	11	0.4	1.51 or more	21	1.3
3 or 4 units	27	1.0			
5 to 9 units	2	0.1	Specified owner-occupied units	877	100.0
10 to 19 units	-	-	VALUE		
20 or more units	-	-	Less than \$50,000	74	8.4
Mobile home	478	17.3	\$50,000 to \$99,999	474	54.0
Boat, RV, van, etc	58	2.1	\$100,000 to \$149,999	222	25.3
			\$150,000 to \$199,999	76	8.7
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			\$200,000 to \$299,999	16	1.8
1999 to March 2000	143	5.2	\$300,000 to \$499,999	7	0.8
1995 to 1998	296	10.7	\$500,000 to \$999,999	2	0.2
1990 to 1994	241	8.7	\$1,000,000 or more	6	0.7
1980 to 1989	419	15.1	Median (dollars)	90,500	(X)
1970 to 1979	571	20.6			
1960 to 1969	214	7.7	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED		
1940 to 1959	354	12.8	MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
1939 or earlier	529	19.1	With a mortgage	430	49.0
ROOMS			Less than \$300	4	0.5
1 room	61	2.2	\$300 to \$499	59	6.7
2 rooms	185	6.7	\$500 to \$699	96	10.9
3 rooms	134	4.8	\$700 to \$999	174	19.8
4 rooms	532	19.2	\$1,000 to \$1,499	79	9.0
5 rooms	715	25.8	\$1,500 to \$1,999	12	1.4
6 rooms	413	14.9	\$2,000 or more	6	0.7
7 rooms	262	9.5	Median (dollars)	786	(X)
8 rooms	222	8.0	Not mortgaged	447	51.0
9 or more rooms	243	8.8	Median (dollars)	213	(X)
Median (rooms)	5.2	(X)	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
Occupied housing units	1,576	100.0	AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			INCOME IN 1999		
1999 to March 2000	308	19.5	Less than 15.0 percent	437	49.8
1995 to 1998	357	22.7	15.0 to 19.9 percent	123	14.0
1990 to 1994	218	13.8	20.0 to 24.9 percent	116	13.2
1980 to 1989	249	15.8	25.0 to 29.9 percent	53	6.0
1970 to 1979	219	13.9	30.0 to 34.9 percent	34	3.9
1969 or earlier	225	14.3	35.0 percent or more	110	12.5
			Not computed	4	0.5
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			Specified renter-occupied units	320	100.0
None	46	2.9	GROSS RENT		
1	408	25.9	Less than \$200	17	5.3
2	628	39.8	\$200 to \$299	19	5.9
3 or more	494	31.3	\$300 to \$499	127	39.7
			\$500 to \$749	67	20.9
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			\$750 to \$999	8	2.5
Utility gas	259	16.4	\$1,000 to \$1,499	-	-
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	430	27.3	\$1,500 or more	-	-
Electricity	262	16.6	No cash rent	82	25.6
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	103	6.5	Median (dollars)	435	(X)
Coal or coke	44	2.8			
Wood	468	29.7	GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF		
Solar energy	2	0.1	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999		
Other fuel	8	0.5	Less than 15.0 percent	81	25.3
No fuel used	-	-	15.0 to 19.9 percent	64	20.0
			20.0 to 24.9 percent	22	6.9
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			25.0 to 29.9 percent	21	6.6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	5	0.3	30.0 to 34.9 percent	17	5.3
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	10	0.6	35.0 percent or more	33	10.3
No telephone service	49	3.1	Not computed	82	25.6

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-1. Profile of General Demographic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic Area: Iron County, Utah

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total population	33,779	100.0	HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
SEX AND AGE			Total population	33,779	100.0
Male.....	16,757	49.6	Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	1,383	4.1
Female.....	17,022	50.4	Mexican.....	1,005	3.0
Under 5 years.....	3,166	9.4	Puerto Rican.....	44	0.1
5 to 9 years.....	2,792	8.3	Cuban.....	5	-
10 to 14 years.....	2,773	8.2	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	329	1.0
15 to 19 years.....	3,851	11.4	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	32,396	95.9
20 to 24 years.....	4,919	14.6	White alone.....	30,829	91.3
25 to 34 years.....	4,219	12.5	RELATIONSHIP		
35 to 44 years.....	3,736	11.1	Total population	33,779	100.0
45 to 54 years.....	3,266	9.7	In households.....	33,086	97.9
55 to 59 years.....	1,199	3.5	Householder.....	10,627	31.5
60 to 64 years.....	967	2.9	Spouse.....	6,822	20.2
65 to 74 years.....	1,634	4.8	Child.....	11,839	35.0
75 to 84 years.....	941	2.8	Own child under 18 years.....	9,900	29.3
85 years and over.....	316	0.9	Other relatives.....	1,157	3.4
Median age (years).....	24.2	(X)	Under 18 years.....	463	1.4
18 years and over.....	23,232	68.8	Nonrelatives.....	2,641	7.8
Male.....	11,231	33.2	Unmarried partner.....	278	0.8
Female.....	12,001	35.5	In group quarters.....	693	2.1
21 years and over.....	20,116	59.6	Institutionalized population.....	247	0.7
62 years and over.....	3,464	10.3	Noninstitutionalized population.....	446	1.3
65 years and over.....	2,891	8.6	HOUSEHOLD BY TYPE		
Male.....	1,316	3.9	Total households	10,627	100.0
Female.....	1,575	4.7	Family households (families).....	8,073	76.0
RACE			With own children under 18 years.....	4,362	41.0
One race.....	33,215	98.3	Married-couple family.....	6,822	64.2
White.....	31,416	93.0	With own children under 18 years.....	3,609	34.0
Black or African American.....	119	0.4	Female householder, no husband present.....	901	8.5
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	737	2.2	With own children under 18 years.....	574	5.4
Asian.....	251	0.7	Nonfamily households.....	2,554	24.0
Asian Indian.....	19	0.1	Householder living alone.....	1,693	15.9
Chinese.....	34	0.1	Householder 65 years and over.....	627	5.9
Filipino.....	19	0.1	Households with individuals under 18 years.....	4,615	43.4
Japanese.....	117	0.3	Households with individuals 65 years and over.....	1,973	18.6
Korean.....	45	0.1	Average household size.....	3.11	(X)
Vietnamese.....	1	-	Average family size.....	3.45	(X)
Other Asian ¹	16	-	HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	92	0.3	Total housing units	13,618	100.0
Native Hawaiian.....	15	-	Occupied housing units.....	10,627	78.0
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	6	-	Vacant housing units.....	2,991	22.0
Samoan.....	16	-	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1,986	14.6
Other Pacific Islander ²	55	0.2	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	4.1	(X)
Some other race.....	600	1.8	Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	7.0	(X)
Two or more races.....	564	1.7	HOUSING TENURE		
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: ³			Occupied housing units	10,627	100.0
White.....	31,916	94.5	Owner-occupied housing units.....	7,040	66.2
Black or African American.....	184	0.5	Renter-occupied housing units.....	3,587	33.8
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	958	2.8	Average household size of owner-occupied units.....	3.18	(X)
Asian.....	350	1.0	Average household size of renter-occupied units.....	2.98	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	139	0.4			
Some other race.....	822	2.4			

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹ Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

² Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

³ In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

Table DP-2. Profile of Selected Social Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Iron County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH		
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school.....	13,246	100.0	Total population.....	33,779	100.0
Nursery school, preschool.....	641	4.8	Native.....	32,798	97.1
Kindergarten.....	530	4.0	Born in United States.....	32,469	96.1
Elementary school (grades 1-8).....	4,408	33.3	State of residence.....	20,773	61.5
High school (grades 9-12).....	2,418	18.3	Different state.....	11,696	34.6
College or graduate school.....	5,249	39.6	Born outside United States.....	329	1.0
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			Foreign born.....	981	2.9
Population 25 years and over.....	16,318	100.0	Entered 1990 to March 2000.....	500	1.5
Less than 9th grade.....	282	1.7	Naturalized citizen.....	294	0.9
9th to 12th grade, no diploma.....	1,579	9.7	Not a citizen.....	687	2.0
High school graduate (includes equivalency).....	3,925	24.1	REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN		
Some college, no degree.....	5,331	32.7	Total (excluding born at sea).....	981	100.0
Associate degree.....	1,324	8.1	Europe.....	182	18.6
Bachelor's degree.....	2,655	16.3	Asia.....	234	23.9
Graduate or professional degree.....	1,222	7.5	Africa.....	22	2.2
Percent high school graduate or higher.....	88.6	(X)	Oceania.....	24	2.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher.....	23.8	(X)	Latin America.....	438	44.6
MARITAL STATUS			Northern America.....	81	8.3
Population 15 years and over.....	25,039	100.0	LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME		
Never married.....	7,528	30.1	Population 5 years and over.....	30,600	100.0
Now married, except separated.....	14,820	59.2	English only.....	28,311	92.5
Separated.....	183	0.7	Language other than English.....	2,289	7.5
Widowed.....	1,031	4.1	Speak English less than "very well".....	878	2.9
Female.....	800	3.2	Spanish.....	1,339	4.4
Divorced.....	1,477	5.9	Speak English less than "very well".....	557	1.8
Female.....	919	3.7	Other Indo-European languages.....	443	1.4
GRANDPARENTS AS CAREGIVERS			Speak English less than "very well".....	106	0.3
Grandparent living in household with one or more own grandchildren under 18 years.....	360	100.0	Asian and Pacific Island languages.....	280	0.9
Grandparent responsible for grandchildren.....	164	45.6	Speak English less than "very well".....	176	0.6
VETERAN STATUS			ANCESTRY (single or multiple)		
Civilian population 18 years and over ..	23,205	100.0	Total population.....	33,779	100.0
Civilian veterans.....	2,316	10.0	Total ancestries reported.....	35,425	104.9
DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION			Arab.....	55	0.2
Population 5 to 20 years.....	10,418	100.0	Czech ¹	69	0.2
With a disability.....	784	7.5	Danish.....	1,679	5.0
Population 21 to 64 years.....	17,149	100.0	Dutch.....	833	2.5
With a disability.....	2,239	13.1	English.....	10,261	30.4
Percent employed.....	60.2	(X)	French (except Basque) ¹	742	2.2
No disability.....	14,910	86.9	French Canadian ¹	115	0.3
Percent employed.....	76.3	(X)	German.....	3,641	10.8
Population 65 years and over.....	2,755	100.0	Greek.....	55	0.2
With a disability.....	1,100	39.9	Hungarian.....	104	0.3
RESIDENCE IN 1995			Irish ¹	2,344	6.9
Population 5 years and over.....	30,600	100.0	Italian.....	710	2.1
Same house in 1995.....	12,896	42.1	Lithuanian.....	38	0.1
Different house in the U.S. in 1995.....	17,235	56.3	Norwegian.....	877	2.6
Same county.....	6,430	21.0	Polish.....	171	0.5
Different county.....	10,805	35.3	Portuguese.....	95	0.3
Same state.....	5,491	17.9	Russian.....	20	0.1
Different state.....	5,314	17.4	Scotch-Irish.....	486	1.4
Elsewhere in 1995.....	469	1.5	Scottish.....	1,796	5.3
			Slovak.....	7	-
			Subsaharan African.....	10	-
			Swedish.....	1,131	3.3
			Swiss.....	463	1.4
			Ukrainian.....	43	0.1
			United States or American.....	2,868	8.5
			Welsh.....	910	2.7
			West Indian (excluding Hispanic groups).....	7	-
			Other ancestries.....	5,895	17.5

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹The data represent a combination of two ancestries shown separately in Summary File 3. Czech includes Czechoslovakian. French includes Alsatian. French Canadian includes Acadian/Cajun. Irish includes Celtic.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-4. Profile of Selected Housing Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Iron County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total housing units	13,618	100.0	OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			Occupied housing units	10,627	100.0
1-unit, detached.....	8,524	62.6	1.00 or less.....	9,877	92.9
1-unit, attached.....	447	3.3	1.01 to 1.50.....	520	4.9
2 units.....	610	4.5	1.51 or more.....	230	2.2
3 or 4 units.....	657	4.8			
5 to 9 units.....	507	3.7	Specified owner-occupied units	5,773	100.0
10 to 19 units.....	511	3.8	VALUE		
20 or more units.....	1,013	7.4	Less than \$50,000.....	111	1.9
Mobile home.....	1,252	9.2	\$50,000 to \$99,999.....	2,170	37.6
Boat, RV, van, etc.....	97	0.7	\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	2,090	36.2
			\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	911	15.8
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			\$200,000 to \$299,999.....	423	7.3
1999 to March 2000.....	705	5.2	\$300,000 to \$499,999.....	50	0.9
1995 to 1998.....	2,754	20.2	\$500,000 to \$999,999.....	9	0.2
1990 to 1994.....	1,737	12.8	\$1,000,000 or more.....	9	0.2
1980 to 1989.....	2,308	16.9	Median (dollars).....	112,000	(X)
1970 to 1979.....	2,592	19.0			
1960 to 1969.....	857	6.3	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED		
1940 to 1959.....	1,504	11.0	MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
1939 or earlier.....	1,161	8.5	With a mortgage.....	4,123	71.4
			Less than \$300.....	66	1.1
ROOMS			\$300 to \$499.....	223	3.9
1 room.....	231	1.7	\$500 to \$699.....	615	10.7
2 rooms.....	630	4.6	\$700 to \$999.....	1,748	30.3
3 rooms.....	1,571	11.5	\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	1,168	20.2
4 rooms.....	2,487	18.3	\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	210	3.6
5 rooms.....	2,548	18.7	\$2,000 or more.....	93	1.6
6 rooms.....	1,856	13.6	Median (dollars).....	888	(X)
7 rooms.....	1,214	8.9	Not mortgaged.....	1,650	28.6
8 rooms.....	1,177	8.6	Median (dollars).....	227	(X)
9 or more rooms.....	1,904	14.0			
Median (rooms).....	5.2	(X)	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
			AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD		
Occupied housing units	10,627	100.0	INCOME IN 1999		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			Less than 15.0 percent.....	1,988	34.4
1999 to March 2000.....	3,257	30.6	15.0 to 19.9 percent.....	809	14.0
1995 to 1998.....	3,338	31.4	20.0 to 24.9 percent.....	815	14.1
1990 to 1994.....	1,514	14.2	25.0 to 29.9 percent.....	663	11.5
1980 to 1989.....	881	8.3	30.0 to 34.9 percent.....	395	6.8
1970 to 1979.....	791	7.4	35.0 percent or more.....	1,040	18.0
1969 or earlier.....	846	8.0	Not computed.....	63	1.1
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			Specified renter-occupied units	3,569	100.0
None.....	444	4.2	GROSS RENT		
1.....	2,829	26.6	Less than \$200.....	240	6.7
2.....	4,598	43.3	\$200 to \$299.....	375	10.5
3 or more.....	2,756	25.9	\$300 to \$499.....	1,290	36.1
			\$500 to \$749.....	988	27.7
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			\$750 to \$999.....	296	8.3
Utility gas.....	7,398	69.6	\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	132	3.7
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	524	4.9	\$1,500 or more.....	9	0.3
Electricity.....	1,260	11.9	No cash rent.....	239	6.7
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	865	8.1	Median (dollars).....	468	(X)
Coal or coke.....	64	0.6			
Wood.....	478	4.5	GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF		
Solar energy.....	-	-	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999		
Other fuel.....	26	0.2	Less than 15.0 percent.....	657	18.4
No fuel used.....	12	0.1	15.0 to 19.9 percent.....	542	15.2
			20.0 to 24.9 percent.....	434	12.2
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			25.0 to 29.9 percent.....	359	10.1
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	21	0.2	30.0 to 34.9 percent.....	228	6.4
Lacking complete kitchen facilities.....	24	0.2	35.0 percent or more.....	1,074	30.1
No telephone service.....	213	2.0	Not computed.....	275	7.7

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-1. Profile of General Demographic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic Area: Kane County, Utah

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total population	6,046	100.0	HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
SEX AND AGE			Total population	6,046	100.0
Male.....	2,997	49.6	Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	140	2.3
Female.....	3,049	50.4	Mexican.....	86	1.4
Under 5 years.....	399	6.6	Puerto Rican.....	2	-
5 to 9 years.....	457	7.6	Cuban.....	4	0.1
10 to 14 years.....	569	9.4	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	48	0.8
15 to 19 years.....	511	8.5	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	5,906	97.7
20 to 24 years.....	252	4.2	White alone.....	5,724	94.7
25 to 34 years.....	542	9.0	RELATIONSHIP		
35 to 44 years.....	739	12.2	Total population	6,046	100.0
45 to 54 years.....	894	14.8	In households.....	5,979	98.9
55 to 59 years.....	357	5.9	Householder.....	2,237	37.0
60 to 64 years.....	316	5.2	Spouse.....	1,446	23.9
65 to 74 years.....	564	9.3	Child.....	1,945	32.2
75 to 84 years.....	348	5.8	Own child under 18 years.....	1,651	27.3
85 years and over.....	98	1.6	Other relatives.....	202	3.3
Median age (years).....	39.1	(X)	Under 18 years.....	101	1.7
18 years and over.....	4,269	70.6	Nonrelatives.....	149	2.5
Male.....	2,070	34.2	Unmarried partner.....	71	1.2
Female.....	2,199	36.4	In group quarters.....	67	1.1
21 years and over.....	4,047	66.9	Institutionalized population.....	36	0.6
62 years and over.....	1,183	19.6	Noninstitutionalized population.....	31	0.5
65 years and over.....	1,010	16.7	HOUSEHOLD BY TYPE		
Male.....	484	8.0	Total households	2,237	100.0
Female.....	526	8.7	Family households (families).....	1,629	72.8
RACE			With own children under 18 years.....	721	32.2
One race.....	5,961	98.6	Married-couple family.....	1,446	64.6
White.....	5,804	96.0	With own children under 18 years.....	612	27.4
Black or African American.....	2	-	Female householder, no husband present.....	134	6.0
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	94	1.6	With own children under 18 years.....	85	3.8
Asian.....	13	0.2	Nonfamily households.....	608	27.2
Asian Indian.....	2	-	Householder living alone.....	522	23.3
Chinese.....	3	-	Householder 65 years and over.....	228	10.2
Filipino.....	2	-	Households with individuals under 18 years.....	776	34.7
Japanese.....	4	0.1	Households with individuals 65 years and over.....	698	31.2
Korean.....	-	-	Average household size.....	2.67	(X)
Vietnamese.....	1	-	Average family size.....	3.21	(X)
Other Asian ¹	1	-	HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	3	-	Total housing units	3,767	100.0
Native Hawaiian.....	1	-	Occupied housing units.....	2,237	59.4
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	-	-	Vacant housing units.....	1,530	40.6
Samoan.....	1	-	For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1,256	33.3
Other Pacific Islander ²	1	-	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	4.2	(X)
Some other race.....	45	0.7	Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	11.8	(X)
Two or more races.....	85	1.4	HOUSING TENURE		
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: ³			Occupied housing units	2,237	100.0
White.....	5,882	97.3	Owner-occupied housing units.....	1,743	77.9
Black or African American.....	6	0.1	Renter-occupied housing units.....	494	22.1
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	146	2.4	Average household size of owner-occupied units.....	2.74	(X)
Asian.....	24	0.4	Average household size of renter-occupied units.....	2.43	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	11	0.2			
Some other race.....	67	1.1			

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹ Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

² Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

³ In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

Table DP-2. Profile of Selected Social Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Kane County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH		
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school.....	1,688	100.0	Total population.....	6,046	100.0
Nursery school, preschool.....	74	4.4	Native.....	5,868	97.1
Kindergarten.....	95	5.6	Born in United States.....	5,862	97.0
Elementary school (grades 1-8).....	785	46.5	State of residence.....	3,285	54.3
High school (grades 9-12).....	491	29.1	Different state.....	2,577	42.6
College or graduate school.....	243	14.4	Born outside United States.....	6	0.1
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			Foreign born.....	178	2.9
Population 25 years and over.....	3,842	100.0	Entered 1990 to March 2000.....	27	0.4
Less than 9th grade.....	85	2.2	Naturalized citizen.....	95	1.6
9th to 12th grade, no diploma.....	437	11.4	Not a citizen.....	83	1.4
High school graduate (includes equivalency).....	1,008	26.2	REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN		
Some college, no degree.....	1,240	32.3	Total (excluding born at sea).....	178	100.0
Associate degree.....	261	6.8	Europe.....	83	46.6
Bachelor's degree.....	536	14.0	Asia.....	17	9.6
Graduate or professional degree.....	275	7.2	Africa.....	-	-
Percent high school graduate or higher.....	86.4	(X)	Oceania.....	-	-
Percent bachelor's degree or higher.....	21.1	(X)	Latin America.....	41	23.0
MARITAL STATUS			Northern America.....	37	20.8
Population 15 years and over.....	4,643	100.0	LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME		
Never married.....	850	18.3	Population 5 years and over.....	5,636	100.0
Now married, except separated.....	3,083	66.4	English only.....	5,290	93.9
Separated.....	30	0.6	Language other than English.....	346	6.1
Widowed.....	297	6.4	Speak English less than "very well".....	71	1.3
Female.....	240	5.2	Spanish.....	210	3.7
Divorced.....	383	8.2	Speak English less than "very well".....	40	0.7
Female.....	171	3.7	Other Indo-European languages.....	86	1.5
GRANDPARENTS AS CAREGIVERS			Speak English less than "very well".....	8	0.1
Grandparent living in household with one or more own grandchildren under 18 years.....	75	100.0	Asian and Pacific Island languages.....	11	0.2
Grandparent responsible for grandchildren.....	47	62.7	Speak English less than "very well".....	-	-
VETERAN STATUS			ANCESTRY (single or multiple)		
Civilian population 18 years and over ..	4,284	100.0	Total population.....	6,046	100.0
Civilian veterans.....	767	17.9	Total ancestries reported.....	6,259	103.5
DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION			Arab.....	7	0.1
Population 5 to 20 years.....	1,584	100.0	Czech ¹	6	0.1
With a disability.....	87	5.5	Danish.....	331	5.5
Population 21 to 64 years.....	3,020	100.0	Dutch.....	152	2.5
With a disability.....	454	15.0	English.....	1,854	30.7
Percent employed.....	54.2	(X)	French (except Basque) ¹	240	4.0
No disability.....	2,566	85.0	French Canadian ¹	64	1.1
Percent employed.....	78.8	(X)	German.....	629	10.4
Population 65 years and over.....	997	100.0	Greek.....	-	-
With a disability.....	413	41.4	Hungarian.....	2	-
RESIDENCE IN 1995			Irish ¹	552	9.1
Population 5 years and over.....	5,636	100.0	Italian.....	106	1.8
Same house in 1995.....	3,237	57.4	Lithuanian.....	5	0.1
Different house in the U.S. in 1995.....	2,341	41.5	Norwegian.....	87	1.4
Same county.....	646	11.5	Polish.....	37	0.6
Different county.....	1,695	30.1	Portuguese.....	-	-
Same state.....	667	11.8	Russian.....	7	0.1
Different state.....	1,028	18.2	Scotch-Irish.....	60	1.0
Elsewhere in 1995.....	58	1.0	Scottish.....	258	4.3
			Slovak.....	-	-
			Subsaharan African.....	-	-
			Swedish.....	261	4.3
			Swiss.....	66	1.1
			Ukrainian.....	-	-
			United States or American.....	608	10.1
			Welsh.....	119	2.0
			West Indian (excluding Hispanic groups).....	-	-
			Other ancestries.....	808	13.4

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹The data represent a combination of two ancestries shown separately in Summary File 3. Czech includes Czechoslovakian. French includes Alsatian. French Canadian includes Acadian/Cajun. Irish includes Celtic.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-4. Profile of Selected Housing Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Kane County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total housing units	3,767	100.0	OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			Occupied housing units	2,237	100.0
1-unit, detached	2,745	72.9	1.00 or less	2,152	96.2
1-unit, attached	63	1.7	1.01 to 1.50	63	2.8
2 units	69	1.8	1.51 or more	22	1.0
3 or 4 units	23	0.6			
5 to 9 units	19	0.5	Specified owner-occupied units	1,256	100.0
10 to 19 units	-	-	VALUE		
20 or more units	8	0.2	Less than \$50,000	42	3.3
Mobile home	745	19.8	\$50,000 to \$99,999	555	44.2
Boat, RV, van, etc	95	2.5	\$100,000 to \$149,999	369	29.4
			\$150,000 to \$199,999	157	12.5
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			\$200,000 to \$299,999	113	9.0
1999 to March 2000	180	4.8	\$300,000 to \$499,999	20	1.6
1995 to 1998	563	14.9	\$500,000 to \$999,999	-	-
1990 to 1994	462	12.3	\$1,000,000 or more	-	-
1980 to 1989	905	24.0	Median (dollars)	103,900	(X)
1970 to 1979	862	22.9			
1960 to 1969	220	5.8	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED		
1940 to 1959	269	7.1	MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
1939 or earlier	306	8.1	With a mortgage	752	59.9
			Less than \$300	7	0.6
ROOMS			\$300 to \$499	59	4.7
1 room	39	1.0	\$500 to \$699	187	14.9
2 rooms	283	7.5	\$700 to \$999	314	25.0
3 rooms	282	7.5	\$1,000 to \$1,499	149	11.9
4 rooms	682	18.1	\$1,500 to \$1,999	34	2.7
5 rooms	802	21.3	\$2,000 or more	2	0.2
6 rooms	644	17.1	Median (dollars)	783	(X)
7 rooms	477	12.7	Not mortgaged	504	40.1
8 rooms	225	6.0	Median (dollars)	226	(X)
9 or more rooms	333	8.8			
Median (rooms)	5.2	(X)	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
Occupied housing units	2,237	100.0	AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			INCOME IN 1999		
1999 to March 2000	434	19.4	Less than 15.0 percent	584	46.5
1995 to 1998	653	29.2	15.0 to 19.9 percent	175	13.9
1990 to 1994	362	16.2	20.0 to 24.9 percent	176	14.0
1980 to 1989	383	17.1	25.0 to 29.9 percent	95	7.6
1970 to 1979	250	11.2	30.0 to 34.9 percent	35	2.8
1969 or earlier	155	6.9	35.0 percent or more	187	14.9
			Not computed	4	0.3
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			Specified renter-occupied units	479	100.0
None	102	4.6	GROSS RENT		
1	676	30.2	Less than \$200	81	16.9
2	888	39.7	\$200 to \$299	66	13.8
3 or more	571	25.5	\$300 to \$499	112	23.4
			\$500 to \$749	125	26.1
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			\$750 to \$999	28	5.8
Utility gas	52	2.3	\$1,000 to \$1,499	-	-
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	886	39.6	\$1,500 or more	-	-
Electricity	569	25.4	No cash rent	67	14.0
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	145	6.5	Median (dollars)	406	(X)
Coal or coke	22	1.0			
Wood	536	24.0	GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF		
Solar energy	4	0.2	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999		
Other fuel	14	0.6	Less than 15.0 percent	168	35.1
No fuel used	9	0.4	15.0 to 19.9 percent	55	11.5
			20.0 to 24.9 percent	54	11.3
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			25.0 to 29.9 percent	35	7.3
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	13	0.6	30.0 to 34.9 percent	31	6.5
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	21	0.9	35.0 percent or more	69	14.4
No telephone service	112	5.0	Not computed	67	14.0

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-1. Profile of General Demographic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic Area: Washington County, Utah

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total population	90,354	100.0	HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
SEX AND AGE			Total population	90,354	100.0
Male.....	44,561	49.3	Hispanic or Latino (of any race).....	4,727	5.2
Female.....	45,793	50.7	Mexican.....	3,299	3.7
Under 5 years.....	8,229	9.1	Puerto Rican.....	78	0.1
5 to 9 years.....	7,413	8.2	Cuban.....	31	-
10 to 14 years.....	7,682	8.5	Other Hispanic or Latino.....	1,319	1.5
15 to 19 years.....	8,598	9.5	Not Hispanic or Latino.....	85,627	94.8
20 to 24 years.....	6,755	7.5	White alone.....	82,293	91.1
25 to 34 years.....	10,202	11.3	RELATIONSHIP		
35 to 44 years.....	10,019	11.1	Total population	90,354	100.0
45 to 54 years.....	8,632	9.6	In households.....	88,995	98.5
55 to 59 years.....	3,654	4.0	Householder.....	29,939	33.1
60 to 64 years.....	3,827	4.2	Spouse.....	20,230	22.4
65 to 74 years.....	8,255	9.1	Child.....	31,532	34.9
75 to 84 years.....	5,562	6.2	Own child under 18 years.....	26,280	29.1
85 years and over.....	1,526	1.7	Other relatives.....	3,588	4.0
Median age (years).....	31.0	(X)	Under 18 years.....	1,423	1.6
18 years and over.....	62,164	68.8	Nonrelatives.....	3,706	4.1
Male.....	30,179	33.4	Unmarried partner.....	747	0.8
Female.....	31,985	35.4	In group quarters.....	1,359	1.5
21 years and over.....	56,886	63.0	Institutionalized population.....	832	0.9
62 years and over.....	17,653	19.5	Noninstitutionalized population.....	527	0.6
65 years and over.....	15,343	17.0	HOUSEHOLD BY TYPE		
Male.....	7,258	8.0	Total households	29,939	100.0
Female.....	8,085	8.9	Family households (families).....	23,429	78.3
RACE			With own children under 18 years.....	11,095	37.1
One race.....	88,866	98.4	Married-couple family.....	20,230	67.6
White.....	84,543	93.6	With own children under 18 years.....	9,108	30.4
Black or African American.....	186	0.2	Female householder, no husband present.....	2,386	8.0
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	1,328	1.5	With own children under 18 years.....	1,546	5.2
Asian.....	405	0.4	Nonfamily households.....	6,510	21.7
Asian Indian.....	55	0.1	Householder living alone.....	5,230	17.5
Chinese.....	64	0.1	Householder 65 years and over.....	2,663	8.9
Filipino.....	78	0.1	Households with individuals under 18 years.....	11,831	39.5
Japanese.....	86	0.1	Households with individuals 65 years and over.....	9,769	32.6
Korean.....	51	0.1	Average household size.....	2.97	(X)
Vietnamese.....	27	-	Average family size.....	3.36	(X)
Other Asian ¹	44	-	HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	384	0.4	Total housing units	36,478	100.0
Native Hawaiian.....	74	0.1	Occupied housing units.....	29,939	82.1
Guamanian or Chamorro.....	5	-	Vacant housing units.....	6,539	17.9
Samoan.....	181	0.2	For seasonal, recreational, or		
Other Pacific Islander ²	124	0.1	occasional use.....	4,364	12.0
Some other race.....	2,020	2.2	Homeowner vacancy rate (percent).....	3.8	(X)
Two or more races.....	1,488	1.6	Rental vacancy rate (percent).....	7.3	(X)
Race alone or in combination with one			HOUSING TENURE		
or more other races: ³			Occupied housing units	29,939	100.0
White.....	85,882	95.1	Owner-occupied housing units.....	22,128	73.9
Black or African American.....	375	0.4	Renter-occupied housing units.....	7,811	26.1
American Indian and Alaska Native.....	1,867	2.1	Average household size of owner-occupied units.....	2.94	(X)
Asian.....	683	0.8	Average household size of renter-occupied units.....	3.05	(X)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.....	663	0.7			
Some other race.....	2,516	2.8			

- Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹ Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

² Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

³ In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000.

Table DP-2. Profile of Selected Social Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Washington County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH		
Population 3 years and over enrolled in school.....	26,270	100.0	Total population.....	90,354	100.0
Nursery school, preschool.....	1,712	6.5	Native.....	86,640	95.9
Kindergarten.....	1,277	4.9	Born in United States.....	86,083	95.3
Elementary school (grades 1-8).....	12,019	45.8	State of residence.....	53,130	58.8
High school (grades 9-12).....	6,243	23.8	Different state.....	32,953	36.5
College or graduate school.....	5,019	19.1	Born outside United States.....	557	0.6
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			Foreign born.....	3,714	4.1
Population 25 years and over.....	51,842	100.0	Entered 1990 to March 2000.....	1,616	1.8
Less than 9th grade.....	1,447	2.8	Naturalized citizen.....	1,398	1.5
9th to 12th grade, no diploma.....	4,995	9.6	Not a citizen.....	2,316	2.6
High school graduate (includes equivalency).....	13,847	26.7	REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN		
Some college, no degree.....	16,540	31.9	Total (excluding born at sea).....	3,714	100.0
Associate degree.....	4,145	8.0	Europe.....	697	18.8
Bachelor's degree.....	7,222	13.9	Asia.....	377	10.2
Graduate or professional degree.....	3,646	7.0	Africa.....	6	0.2
Percent high school graduate or higher.....	87.6	(X)	Oceania.....	73	2.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher.....	21.0	(X)	Latin America.....	2,142	57.7
MARITAL STATUS			Northern America.....	419	11.3
Population 15 years and over.....	67,074	100.0	LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME		
Never married.....	14,184	21.1	Population 5 years and over.....	82,121	100.0
Now married, except separated.....	43,537	64.9	English only.....	75,858	92.4
Separated.....	666	1.0	Language other than English.....	6,263	7.6
Widowed.....	3,527	5.3	Speak English less than "very well".....	2,199	2.7
Female.....	2,938	4.4	Spanish.....	4,129	5.0
Divorced.....	5,160	7.7	Speak English less than "very well".....	1,763	2.1
Female.....	2,721	4.1	Other Indo-European languages.....	1,013	1.2
GRANDPARENTS AS CAREGIVERS			Speak English less than "very well".....	178	0.2
Grandparent living in household with one or more own grandchildren under 18 years.....	1,150	100.0	Asian and Pacific Island languages.....	668	0.8
Grandparent responsible for grandchildren.....	556	48.3	Speak English less than "very well".....	175	0.2
VETERAN STATUS			ANCESTRY (single or multiple)		
Civilian population 18 years and over ..	62,263	100.0	Total population.....	90,354	100.0
Civilian veterans.....	9,404	15.1	Total ancestries reported.....	97,737	108.2
DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION			Arab.....	51	0.1
Population 5 to 20 years.....	25,085	100.0	Czech ¹	288	0.3
With a disability.....	1,597	6.4	Danish.....	4,995	5.5
Population 21 to 64 years.....	41,243	100.0	Dutch.....	1,961	2.2
With a disability.....	6,656	16.1	English.....	29,305	32.4
Percent employed.....	59.4	(X)	French (except Basque) ¹	2,342	2.6
No disability.....	34,587	83.9	French Canadian ¹	311	0.3
Percent employed.....	73.3	(X)	German.....	10,804	12.0
Population 65 years and over.....	15,036	100.0	Greek.....	165	0.2
With a disability.....	5,435	36.1	Hungarian.....	146	0.2
RESIDENCE IN 1995			Irish ¹	5,594	6.2
Population 5 years and over.....	82,121	100.0	Italian.....	2,047	2.3
Same house in 1995.....	34,909	42.5	Lithuanian.....	104	0.1
Different house in the U.S. in 1995.....	45,927	55.9	Norwegian.....	2,093	2.3
Same county.....	19,271	23.5	Polish.....	675	0.7
Different county.....	26,656	32.5	Portuguese.....	166	0.2
Same state.....	12,880	15.7	Russian.....	208	0.2
Different state.....	13,776	16.8	Scotch-Irish.....	1,267	1.4
Elsewhere in 1995.....	1,285	1.6	Scottish.....	4,314	4.8
			Slovak.....	11	-
			Subsaharan African.....	31	-
			Swedish.....	3,342	3.7
			Swiss.....	2,285	2.5
			Ukrainian.....	113	0.1
			United States or American.....	8,214	9.1
			Welsh.....	1,660	1.8
			West Indian (excluding Hispanic groups).....	15	-
			Other ancestries.....	15,230	16.9

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹The data represent a combination of two ancestries shown separately in Summary File 3. Czech includes Czechoslovakian. French includes Alsatian. French Canadian includes Acadian/Cajun. Irish includes Celtic.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

Table DP-4. Profile of Selected Housing Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Washington County, Utah

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
Total housing units	36,478	100.0	OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			Occupied housing units	29,939	100.0
1-unit, detached	23,632	64.8	1.00 or less	27,902	93.2
1-unit, attached	3,601	9.9	1.01 to 1.50	1,415	4.7
2 units	748	2.1	1.51 or more	622	2.1
3 or 4 units	1,146	3.1			
5 to 9 units	1,048	2.9	Specified owner-occupied units	17,960	100.0
10 to 19 units	936	2.6	VALUE		
20 or more units	919	2.5	Less than \$50,000	191	1.1
Mobile home	3,966	10.9	\$50,000 to \$99,999	3,366	18.7
Boat, RV, van, etc	482	1.3	\$100,000 to \$149,999	6,721	37.4
			\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,989	22.2
			\$200,000 to \$299,999	2,545	14.2
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			\$300,000 to \$499,999	895	5.0
1999 to March 2000	2,148	5.9	\$500,000 to \$999,999	222	1.2
1995 to 1998	8,852	24.3	\$1,000,000 or more	31	0.2
1990 to 1994	7,168	19.7	Median (dollars)	139,800	(X)
1980 to 1989	8,664	23.8			
1970 to 1979	5,787	15.9	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED		
1960 to 1969	1,306	3.6	MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
1940 to 1959	1,420	3.9	With a mortgage	11,888	66.2
1939 or earlier	1,133	3.1	Less than \$300	112	0.6
			\$300 to \$499	476	2.7
ROOMS			\$500 to \$699	1,335	7.4
1 room	389	1.1	\$700 to \$999	3,679	20.5
2 rooms	1,719	4.7	\$1,000 to \$1,499	4,445	24.7
3 rooms	3,215	8.8	\$1,500 to \$1,999	1,217	6.8
4 rooms	5,850	16.0	\$2,000 or more	624	3.5
5 rooms	8,343	22.9	Median (dollars)	1,033	(X)
6 rooms	6,502	17.8	Not mortgaged	6,072	33.8
7 rooms	3,748	10.3	Median (dollars)	247	(X)
8 rooms	2,809	7.7			
9 or more rooms	3,903	10.7	SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS		
Median (rooms)	5.3	(X)	AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD		
			INCOME IN 1999		
Occupied housing units	29,939	100.0	Less than 15.0 percent	6,431	35.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			15.0 to 19.9 percent	2,623	14.6
1999 to March 2000	8,055	26.9	20.0 to 24.9 percent	2,185	12.2
1995 to 1998	10,585	35.4	25.0 to 29.9 percent	1,776	9.9
1990 to 1994	5,749	19.2	30.0 to 34.9 percent	1,372	7.6
1980 to 1989	3,274	10.9	35.0 percent or more	3,517	19.6
1970 to 1979	1,443	4.8	Not computed	56	0.3
1969 or earlier	833	2.8			
			Specified renter-occupied units	7,745	100.0
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			GROSS RENT		
None	1,171	3.9	Less than \$200	209	2.7
1	9,643	32.2	\$200 to \$299	331	4.3
2	12,743	42.6	\$300 to \$499	1,578	20.4
3 or more	6,382	21.3	\$500 to \$749	3,055	39.4
			\$750 to \$999	1,316	17.0
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			\$1,000 to \$1,499	481	6.2
Utility gas	14,406	48.1	\$1,500 or more	79	1.0
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	1,316	4.4	No cash rent	696	9.0
Electricity	12,840	42.9	Median (dollars)	594	(X)
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	155	0.5			
Coal or coke	110	0.4	GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF		
Wood	983	3.3	HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1999		
Solar energy	24	0.1	Less than 15.0 percent	1,140	14.7
Other fuel	52	0.2	15.0 to 19.9 percent	1,025	13.2
No fuel used	53	0.2	20.0 to 24.9 percent	1,040	13.4
			25.0 to 29.9 percent	764	9.9
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			30.0 to 34.9 percent	653	8.4
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	64	0.2	35.0 percent or more	2,310	29.8
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	75	0.3	Not computed	813	10.5
No telephone service	542	1.8			

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.

AREA BACKGROUND

The five counties that make up the southwestern area of Utah are unique to the state and country. These unique characteristics include housing, economic, and community development issues and concerns. Therefore, it is important to understand the distinctive geographical, historical, and demographic components of the area that define the region’s housing, economic, and community development environment.

Jurisdictions

Southwestern Utah conjures up many images to the minds of those who live in or visit the region – red rock cliffs and mesas, pristine wilderness and desert, scenic national parks and monuments, hiking, camping, and other outdoor recreation – the fact is that few people associate this region with its growing population and economic base. Yet, based on 2006 estimates from the Utah Population Estimates Committee, well over 195,000 people reside in the five counties making up the region, with most living within the 37 different cities and towns (see table 1) and the remainder living in unincorporated areas of each respective county. The population includes the population of members of the various bands of the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah.

Table 1. Cities and Towns in the Five County District

Beaver County	Garfield County	Iron County	Kane County	Washington County
Beaver City	Antimony	Brian Head	Alton	Apple Valley
Milford	Boulder	Cedar City	Big Water	Enterprise
Minersville	Cannonville	Enoch	Glendale	Hildale
	Escalante	Kanarraville	Kanab	Hurricane
	Hatch	Paragonah	Orderville	Ivins
	Henrieville	Parowan		LaVerkin
	Panguitch			Leeds
	Tropic			New Harmony
	Bryce Canyon City			Rockville
				Santa Clara
				Springdale
				St. George
				Toquerville
				Virgin
				Washington

The maps included at the end of this section show the geographical locations of the Five County jurisdictions.

Geography and Environment

Geography and environment of a region play important roles in community planning. As towns, cities, and counties develop, planners must consider the “lay of the land” and the many environmental issues that come with it. It is now more important than ever that we understand the land on which we develop, and its accompanying limitations and potential problems. The Five County region is no exception, and has many unique issues pertaining to its distinct geography and environment.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

The Five County District is located at the southwest corner of Utah, near the heart of the Intermountain West. The five counties are contained in two major geographic provinces. Most of Beaver, Iron, and Washington counties lay within the Basin and Range province, which generally consists of north-south trending mountain ranges separated by broad arid valleys with interior drainage, and vegetated with sagebrush and other Great Basin plant communities. Garfield and Kane counties are located within the Colorado Plateau, which consists of uplifted sedimentary rock strata vegetated with desert sage scrub. The extreme southwestern corner of Washington county also lies within the Mojave desert, resulting in the convergence of three major physiographic provinces. The resulting plant and animal communities present some of the greatest bio-diversity in North America.

On a more localized scale, the area is also speckled with a variety of topographic features. Some of this area has experienced a great amount of volcanic activity, which is evident in extinct volcanoes, mountains, great lava fields, and mesas. Geologic forces have uplifted huge portions of the land, and has created great rifts in others. Of particular notoriety are the erosional features of the area – the great canyons and cliffs carved by water and wind – that make up the national and state parks, such as Zion and Bryce National Parks; as well as Coral Pink Sand Dunes and Snow Canyon State Parks. The impounded Colorado River and Lake Powell, with more shoreline miles than the west coast, form the eastern border of the district.

The soil in this area consists mostly of aridisols, an iron-rich desert soil that can be quite productive if cultivated. Native to the valleys throughout most the region are a variety of grasses, junipers, and pinion pines, while xerophytes and desert scrub are native to the lower elevations. Farming has produced a diversity of crops, including barley, alfalfa, hay, and cotton (which earned the southern region the name of “Dixie”). Much of the region is also prime land for ranching cows, sheep, and horses.

CLIMATE

Because of its general location, the Five County District is mostly semi-arid. As moist air moves in from the Pacific Ocean, it is forced to rise over the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range, which causes it to cool and drop its precipitation, leaving very little moisture left for the region east of the Sierra Nevadas. While all of the Intermountain West is generally dry due to this phenomenon, the aridity in the Five County District is accentuated by its lower latitude, which makes it warmer than most regions to the north. Much of this area is characterized by lower elevation, which also increases the mean annual temperature.

For example, St. George’s warm climate – which is unique to the state of Utah – can be attributed to the fact that it has the lowest elevation of any Utah city and lies at the very southern end of the state. In fact, St. George has the highest mean annual temperatures in Utah, averaging 61-62 degrees Fahrenheit. It also boasts

the highest maximum temperature ever recorded in Utah, which was 117 degrees Fahrenheit, observed on July 5, 1985.

Though most of the region is classified by scholars as “desert,” only the areas with lower elevations are considered “hot” deserts, or regions where the winters average above 32 degrees Fahrenheit. This would include most of Washington County. This region usually do not have snow in the winter, and has extremely warm summers. The rest of the region, which consists of higher elevations, is considered to be a “cool” desert, with snowy winters and warm summers. Some exceptions exist over the highest elevations – mountainous regions such as Brian Head – which are classified as “undifferentiated highlands” since they experience cooler temperatures and higher humidity than the rest of the area. These regions generally have very cold, snowy winters and cool summers.

Like the rest of the Intermountain West, during the winter, most precipitation results from the passage of mid-latitude cyclones, while in the summer, convection from localized heating can trigger isolated thunderstorms. Without the moderating effects of the ocean, and therefore, cloud cover from water vapor in the air, this region experiences great daily and yearly fluctuations in temperature.

The nature of the climate in this region leaves it susceptible to a few hazardous weather recurrences. Although most of the country is subject to flash floods, they are particularly damaging in this region since the soil is dry, somewhat un-vegetated, and easily eroded. Threats to human lives and damage to property are not only a result of rapidly rising waters, but of catastrophic mud slides as well. This area is also subject to tornadoes, although they are a rare occurrence. More common in the warmer regions are dust devils, which are rarely severe enough to damage property. The higher elevations always have the potential for blizzards, cold spells, and avalanches in the winter. The entire region is susceptible to fires resulting from lightning strikes in the spring and summer, which is actually a frequent occurrence.

History

EARLY HISTORY

Southwestern Utah has a rich heritage, which dates back 10,000 to 12,000 years. That's how long ago evidence suggests a human presence existed here. These early inhabitants were Desert Archaic hunter gatherers, who were supplanted by the Ancestral Puebloan basket and pottery makers. These early people generally organized themselves into small bands of several families, groups that were limited in size because of their limited resources.

The Anasazi disappeared about 800 years ago and were replaced by Uto-Aztecan hunters, which were the forerunners of the Southern Paiute Indian Tribe, and related to the mighty Aztecs of Mexico. The quest for food kept them on the move; they lived principally on fish, birds, wild game, wild fruits, roots, and seeds. Ute, Shoshone, and Navajo tribes also utilized southwestern Utah lands for hunting and trading.

In the early 1550s, Spanish contingents led by Coronado first explored the Colorado River Plateau region. However, the Colorado Plateau and Grand Canyon prevented Spanish exploration into the area of present day Southwestern Utah for hundreds of years. The earliest documented evidence of exploration in this area was in 1776 when a party led by Father Escalante and Father Dominguez traveled through the region searching for a route to the California Missions. From the Milford region, the party turned southeast and was forced southward by the high mountains to the east. They traveled along the foot of a rough and rugged escarpment known as the Hurricane Fault. They continued south until a group of Parrusit Indians (related to the Paiutes) agreed to show them a route over the Hurricane Fault. Once the route was discovered by the Spaniards, it became a common route for Spanish traders and immigrants.

As more Spaniards entered the region, Native Americans experienced increasing disruption to their traditional way of life. Although the route remained a well-used trading route – known as the Old Spanish Trail – no permanent European settlements were attempted in the region until the arrival of Mormon Pioneers. The area remained Mexican territory until 1848, when the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo ceded much of the West to the United States. All of what is now Utah was designated as Indian territory, and remained so until 1868.

EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT

Mormons first traveled through the region in 1847, when church leaders called a group of sixteen men to open up a route to California to get seeds, cuttings, and roots. This mounted company established a route along the Old Spanish Trail. Brigham Young sent Parley P. Pratt with 50 young men to the region in 1849 to look for sites for future towns. Upon finding friendly Indians who engaged in primitive agriculture, as well as discovering iron in the region near present day Cedar City, Pratt's group hurried back to Salt Lake City with a report of many potential settlement sites. First outposts were established in Parowan, New Harmony and Santa Clara for the purposes of setting up an Indian mission. Other outposts were soon established along the streams and rivers of the region.

Iron County was established in 1850. George A. Smith was appointed as the county's first Chief Justice. His job was to settle the area for the purpose of developing the iron ore deposits. Both Parowan and Cedar City were established in 1851. During the first year of development, 2,500 pounds of iron were produced, the first

iron refined west of the Mississippi River. To facilitate the processing of iron in the two towns, skilled tradesmen were brought in from the Mormon European Missions.

The first settlers in Beaver County came from Parowan in 1856. The county's first town was laid out in the spring of 1858, and was named for the many beaver dams found on the river there. In 1852, lead was discovered in Beaver County, which led to the establishment of the town of Minersville in 1859.

Brigham Young called 300 families to establish the new community of St. George in 1861. The town was named after his counselor, George A. Smith, because he was nominally in charge of the southern Utah colonies. The Mormon prophet dispatched the group, which included 26 Swiss immigrant families, to grow cotton. The first experimental crop was planted in the Santa Clara Valley. The soil and climate were well suited for growing cotton, and two years later the only Dixie-style cotton mill in the northern states was established. The cotton boom lasted until the close of the Civil War.

For years saints were called or directed to the Washington County region to settle. In 1863, St. George was designated as the county seat for Washington County. Young, himself, eventually established a winter home in St. George, where he later initiated and oversaw the completion of the first Mormon temple in the West in 1877.

As Washington County grew and prospered, people began moving into the Kanab region. In 1864, Kane County's boundaries were set by the Territorial Legislature. The communities of Kanab and Orderville were established in 1870 and 1873 respectively.

Back north, silver was discovered in the San Francisco Mountains west of the Beaver area, which gave impetus to one of the biggest "rushes" of Western history. Because of the mining industry in this region, the telegraph was brought south to Frisco, the railroad was brought to southern Utah, and the town of Milford was established in 1880. Beaver County was created in 1886.

During this time, Garfield County was formed from parts of Iron and Kane counties in 1882. Mormon colonists from Parowan and Beaver had already settled Panguitch. Exploration parties moved east into what they called "Potato Valley" and founded Escalante. The town was named for Father Escalante at the suggestion of a U.S. Government survey party lead by John Wesley Powell, who encountered the Mormon explorers at the future town site. Communities in Bryce Valley were subsequently settled in the 1880s and 1890s, mainly by people moving up the Paria River after floods downstream washed away the small amounts of arable lands.

Much of the Mormon settlement in the region was accomplished without legal title to lands. Some lands were formally purchased from American Indians in the area, but much more was simply settled without title. After 1868, the lands became subject to U.S. land tenure laws, including the Homestead Act. Federal and state land offices were established and the titles to lands settled before 1868 began to be perfected. The climate and topography of the region limited the amount of land that could be "proven up," thus creating the large blocks of federal lands found in the region today.

As settlement increased throughout this region, Native Americans' traditional homelands were eventually taken over. The Native Americans were subject to unfortunate policies of the federal government that resulted in termination of tribal recognition. Late in the 19th century, the Paiute bands in southern Utah

coalesced into five bands: the Shivwits, Indian Peaks, Cedar, Kanosh, and Koosharem bands. Reservations were established between 1903 and 1929.

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY

At the turn of the century, the Mormon settlements and regions of southwestern Utah experienced moderate growth. The area was heavily dependent upon the agriculture and mining sectors of the economy. Most communities experienced decline during the Great Depression and into the mid-1960s. The construction of Interstate 15 through the region promoted increased interest in the area and precipitated the resurgence of Cedar City and St. George. The area also became increasingly attractive to retirees from the Midwest and Pacific Northwest.

Around this time, an act of Congress restored the federal trust relationship to the five bands of Paiutes, which constitutes the Paiutes Indian Tribe of Utah. By 1983, the majority of tribal members had access to adequate housing and health care, although chronic health problems, low educational attainment, underemployment, and alcoholism persisted.

Today Southwestern Utah is one of the fastest growing areas of the state. The I-15 corridor communities are experiencing rapid population and employment growth, while communities off the I-15 corridor rely on a burgeoning tourist and trade economy, still heavily reliant upon natural resource-based employment.

As we enter the twenty-first century, it is likely that the rapid growth of this region will continue. Some residents fear for the future since rapid growth has already had some negative impacts on the region, such as an increasing crime rate, increasing housing prices, the surfacing of environmental problems, and a loss of cultural heritage and regional identity. However, others are optimistic about the growth, citing low unemployment figures and increased amenities.

Demographics

The tables in this section provide a sense of the population characteristics in the Five County District.

Table 2. Residence in 1995 for those living in the County in 2000

Description	Beaver	Garfield	Iron	Kane	Washington
Persons 5 years and over	5437	4326	30600	5636	82121
Lived in same house in 1995	3173	2667	12896	3237	34909
Lived in different house in U.S. in 1995	2195	1618	17235	2341	45927
Same State	689	530	5491	667	12880
Same county	961	670	6430	646	19271
Different county	1234	948	10805	1695	26656
Different State	545	418	5314	1028	13776
Elsewhere in 1995	69	41	469	58	1285

Age is another important indicator of population characteristics, since the needs and desires of a population will vary according to its age structure. For example, a population with a high percentage of retirees will require more recreation and medical facilities, while a population with a high percentage of children will require more schools, parks, and infrastructure geared for the family. The Governor’s Office of Planning and Budget made predictions of the age and sex structure for all counties in the state. Included in this document are the 2000 figures by county (see table 3) as well as are the projected totals for the Five County Region 2004 to 2030 (see table 4). More information on predictions by county can be obtained from the Governor’s Office previously mentioned, or from the Department of Workforce Services in St. George.

The selected results showed that all five counties have similar age ratios, with approximately 9 percent of the population five years and under, 22 percent between 5 and 17, 20 percent between 18 and 29, 14 percent between 30 and 39, 24 percent between 40 and 64, and 15 percent 65 years or older. The two exceptions are Iron County, which has higher percentages in the younger age groups indicating a younger population, and Washington County, with lower percentages in the youngest age groups and higher percentages in the 65 and older category, indicating an older population.

Table 3. Census 2000 County Total Population by Age Group

	Beaver	Garfield	Iron	Kane	Washington
Under 5 years	558	405	3166	399	8229
5-17 years	1453	1140	7381	1378	19961
18-29 years	932	637	9383	691	15907
30-54 years	1778	1478	8792	1895	23433
55-64 years	449	408	2166	673	7481
65 years and older	835	667	2891	1010	15343
Total	6005	4735	33779	6046	90354

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

The combined predictions for all of Southwestern Utah show that while the population is expected to grow dramatically in the next two decades, the age characteristics of the population are not expected to change much. In 2004, 2010, 2020 and 2030, the largest age group is projected to continue to be 40-64 year olds throughout. In 2004, the second largest age group is 18-29 year olds followed very closely by 5-17 year olds. In 2010, 2020 and 2030, the second largest are 5-17 year olds.

Table 4. Selected Year Age Groups for Southwest Counties 2004-2030

Year	Less than 5 yrs	5-17 yrs	18-29 yrs	30-39 yrs	40-64 yrs	65 yrs plus	15-44 yrs	16-64 yrs	60 yrs plus	Total
2004	15568	33179	3330	1811	3757	2176	67690	93867	27492	159513
2005	16390	34064	3420	1931	3857	2189	69917	97043	27700	164441
2006	17279	35081	3492	2068	3960	2197	72316	10037	27841	169540
2007	18078	36207	3548	2233	4067	2210	74661	10379	28267	174886
2008	17469	38500	3200	2906	4654	2240	80699	11271	28772	185979
2009	19577	38900	3622	2634	4313	2256	79801	11104	29286	186750
2010	20237	40558	3613	2864	4477	2276	82649	11490	29899	193112
2011	20834	42316	3612	3074	4648	2288	85543	11874	30483	199389
2012	21392	44239	3641	3244	4811	2328	88523	12254	31179	205893
2013	21896	46230	3665	3418	4969	2374	91670	12633	31939	212397
2014	22328	48114	3695	3572	5116	2421	94518	12995	32658	218505
2015	22701	49988	3723	3693	5283	2473	97058	13350	33465	224438
2016	23002	51662	3754	3797	5459	2521	99368	13680	34143	229997
2017	23265	53272	3819	3850	5664	2579	10178	14015	35016	235672
2018	23485	54861	3888	3861	5886	2643	10422	14346	35990	241145
2019	23649	56392	3947	3852	6129	2705	10666	14675	36869	246380
2020	23793	57722	4010	3803	6398	2776	10882	14992	37841	251404
2021	23952	58902	4078	3772	6659	2837	11084	15321	38721	256323
2022	24143	59940	4166	3763	6874	2914	11262	15645	39681	261274
2023	24365	60831	4271	3738	7082	3003	11411	15957	40669	266156
2024	24642	61604	4393	3715	7283	3084	11537	16280	41564	271019
2025	24978	62301	4528	3693	7474	3175	11633	16603	42396	275993
2026	25363	62919	4660	3673	7672	3256	11741	16931	43165	280914
2027	25832	63534	4804	3679	7848	3345	11896	17273	43995	286147
2028	26370	64139	4939	3713	8014	3438	12054	17622	44833	291566
2029	26969	64773	5072	3750	8200	3521	12233	17990	45840	297187
2030	27647	65496	5218	3791	8404	3599	12438	18394	47050	303288

Source: Governor's Office of Planning and Budget – Demographic and Economic Analysis Section UPED Model System

In the year 2000, a new census was undertaken that statistically documented the population characteristics of the Five County District. Although it is outdated by more than half a decade at this time, the 2000 census still provides an idea of what some of the specific population characteristics are in Southwestern Utah, such as household type, and educational attainment (see table 5).

Table 5. 2000 Census General Population Profile by County

Description	Beaver	Garfield	Iron	Kane	Washington
URBAN AND RURAL RESIDENCE					
Total population	4765	4735	33779	6046	90354
HOUSEHOLD TYPE					
Married couple family	1329	1057	6822	1446	20230
Female householder no spouse	138	107	901	134	2386
Non-family households	451	377	2554	608	6510
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT					
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1757	1301	13246	1688	26270
Nursery school/preschool/Kindergarten	223	165	1171	169	2989
Elementary or high school	1407	1054	6826	1276	18262
College	127	82	5249	243	5019

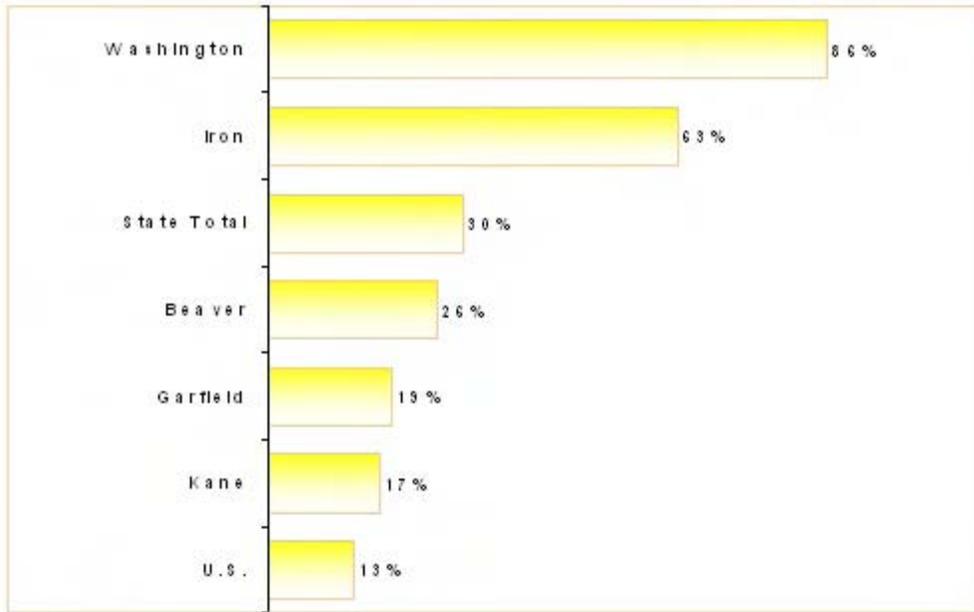
Table 5. Continued

Description	Beaver	Garfield	Iron	Kane	Washington
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT					
Persons 25 years and over	3442	2829	16318	3842	51842
Less than 9th grade	147	58	282	85	1447
9 to 12th grade, no diploma	432	343	1579	437	4995
High school graduate	1322	921	3925	1008	13847
Some college, no degree	943	789	5331	1240	16540
Associates degree	183	145	1324	261	4145
Bachelor's degree	268	419	2655	536	7222
Graduate or professional degree	147	154	1222	275	3646
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.2%	85.8%	88.6%	86.4%	87.6%
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	12.1	20.3	23.8	21.1	21
DISABILITY OF CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED PERSONS					
Persons 21 to 64 years	2750	2286	17149	3020	41243
With no disability	2277	1984	14910	2566	34587
With no disability percent employed	79.7%	77.8%	76.3%	78.8%	73.3%
With a disability	473	302	2239	454	6656
With a disability percent employed	65.8%	50.3%	60.2%	54.2%	59.4%
Persons 65 years and over	793	637	2755	997	15036
Persons 65 and over with no disability	404	383	1655	584	9601
Persons 65 years and over with a disability	389	254	1100	413	5435

Table 5. Continued

Description	Beaver	Garfield	Iron	Kane	Washington
VETERAN STATUS					
Civilian population 18 years +	3989	3202	23205	4284	62263
Civilian veterans 18 years +	518	484	2316	767	9404
Veterans % of population	13.0%	15.1%	10.0%	17.9%	15.1%
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH					
Native population	5742	4696	32798	5868	86640
% born in state of residence	69.5%	69.8%	61.5%	54.3%	58.8%
Foreign-born population	263	39	981	178	3714
Entered the U.S. 1990 to 2000	144	6	500	27	1616
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME					
Persons 5 years and over	5437	4326	30600	5636	82121
English only	4988	4176	28311	5290	75858
Language other than English	449	150	2289	346	6263
English less than "very well"	265	48	878	71	2199
Spanish	289	77	1339	210	4129
English less than "very well"	177	16	557	40	1763
Other Indo-European Languages	56	23	443	86	1013
English less than "very well"	10	8	106	8	178
Asian or Pacific Island language	45	15	280	11	668
English less than "very well"	31	4	176	0	175
Source: 2000 U.S. Census of Population and Housing					

1990 to 2000 Population Growth by County



POPULATION PROJECTIONS

In 2005, the Utah Governors Office of Planning and Budget, in cooperation with the Five County Association of Governments, made long-range projections of sub-county (city-level) populations through 2050. Accurate and realistic predictions are important to city officials and planners since growth and loss of population have an effect on the local resources and must be planned for.

Population Projections by County and District								
								AARC
County	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050	2000-2050
Beaver	6,023	6,335	7,575	11,549	13,761	15,535	17,373	2.1%
Garfield	4,763	4,645	4,955	5,973	6,747	7,356	7,966	1.0%
Iron	34,079	40,212	48,772	65,607	77,493	90,268	103,920	2.3%
Kane	6,037	6,093	6,618	8,359	9,783	11,033	12,327	1.4%
Washington	91,104	125,010	162,544	251,896	353,922	472,355	607,334	3.9%
Southwest	142,006	182,295	230,464	343,384	461,706	596,547	748,920	3.4%
State of Utah	2,246,553	2,528,926	2,833,337	3,486,218	4,086,319	4,701,369	5,368,567	1.8%

Source: 2005 Baseline Projections, Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

Table 6. Population Projections for Beaver County

Area	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Beaver City	2454	2606	3116	4750	5660	6390	7146
Milford City	1451	1492	1784	2720	3241	3658	4091
Minersville Town	817	858	1029	1568	1869	2110	2359
Balance of County	1283	1379	1646	2511	2991	3377	3777
Total Beaver County	6005	6335	7575	11549	13761	15535	17373

Table 7. Population Projections for Garfield County

Area	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Antimony Town	122	118	125	151	171	186	202
Boulder Town	180	184	196	237	267	291	315
Cannonville Town	148	143	153	184	208	227	245
Escalante Town	818	788	841	1014	1145	1248	1352
Hatch Town	127	121	129	155	175	191	207
Henrieville Town	159	152	163	196	221	241	261
Panguitch City	1623	1560	1664	2006	2266	2470	2675
Tropic Town	508	490	523	630	712	776	840
Balance of County	1050	1089	1161	1400	1582	1726	1869
Total Garfield County	4,735	4645	4955	5973	6747	7356	7966

Table 8. Population Projections for Iron County

Area	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Brian Head Town	118	125	151	203	240	280	322
Cedar City	20527	24690	29946	40283	47561	55425	63807
Enoch City	3467	4359	5287	7112	8400	9785	11265
Kanarraville Town	311	338	410	551	651	758	873
Paragonah Town	470	515	624	840	992	1155	1330
Parowan City	2565	2835	3438	4625	5463	6364	7326
Balance of Iron County	6321	7350	8916	11993	14186	16501	18997
Total Iron County	33779	40212	48772	65607	77493	90268	103920

Table 9. Population Projections for Kane County

Area	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Alton Town	134	131	142	180	210	237	265
Big Water	417	420	456	576	674	760	849
Glendale Town	355	349	379	479	561	632	706
Kanab City	3564	3521	3825	4831	5654	6376	7124
Orderville Town	596	598	650	821	961	1083	1211
Balance of Kane County	980	1074	1166	1472	1723	1945	2172
Total Kane County	6046	6093	6618	8359	9783	11033	12327

Table 10. Population Projections for Washington County

Area	2000	2005	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Enterprise Town	1285	1525	1983	3048	4282	5715	7349
Hildale City	1895	2288	2975	4585	6441	8597	10993
Hurricane City	8250	11088	14385	22268	31216	41614	53445
Ivins City	4450	7076	9184	14207	19926	26546	34071
LaVerkin City	3392	4363	5657	8741	12281	16391	21014
Leeds Town	547	788	1365	2695	4636	7038	10294
New Harmony Town	190	225	293	459	637	850	1093
Rockville Town	247	250	325	504	708	945	1124
Santa Clara City	4630	6276	8143	12595	17661	23571	30245
Springdale Town	457	600	699	932	1097	1181	1518
St. George City	49663	65968	85644	132497	185809	247703	317818
Toquerville City	910	1163	1512	2343	3256	4346	5587
Virgin Town	394	525	683	1058	1486	1984	2551
Washington City	8186	15376	19960	30882	43320	57722	74095
Balance of Washington Co	5858	7499	9736	15082	21166	28152	36137
Total Washington County	90354	125010	162544	251896	353922	472355	607334

Resources

AGRICULTURE

Agriculture was the principle means of livelihood for most of southwestern Utah at the time of the earliest settlement. Cotton was one of the first crops established in the region. By the early 1900s, other crops were being developed, such as tobacco, fruit, and vegetables. The region's richest agricultural resource has been cattle and sheep ranching. In much of the region, the climate is suitable for year-long grazing of range livestock.

However, there is actually little arable land in the region. Since the region has minimal rainfall, today very little land is utilized as cropland – less than 2 percent of the total land area. Moreover, the amount of cropland is also declining, according to national and state trend indicators. Advances in farming technology, and urban encroachment are partially responsible for the decrease. In addition, much of the irrigated land is divided into ½ to 1 acre lots with detached single family homes, so that much of this agricultural land is not used or is under-used.

NATURAL RESOURCES

One of the first extractive industries in Southwestern Utah was mining. Parley P. Pratt, sent by Brigham Young to look for settlement sites, learned of iron in the region and promptly reported back to Salt Lake City. Iron missions were set up and the Mormons mined rich mineral deposits in the area, which yielded several thousand tons of iron, gold, zinc, and tungsten, and later, silver, bituminous, and subbituminous coal.

RECREATION

The area is perhaps more notorious for its natural wonders – recreational resources such as national parks, monuments, and recreation areas.

National Parks. The national parks in this region are all natural areas. The southern-most unit is Zion National Park, most of which is located in Washington County, only 45 minutes from St. George. It was first named by an early Mormon settler, and it features massive stone formations and vertical, red cliff faces. The area has been home to Anasazi, Fremont, and Paiute Indians, and early Mormon settlers. The area was declared a national monument — called Mukuntuweap — in 1909, and in 1918, the monument was enlarged

and its name changed to Zion. A year later, Congress made Zion a national park, one of the nation's first. Finally, in 1956, Zion National Park was enlarged to its present size — 229 square miles. People come to Zion just to see the sights, camp, hike, walk, bike, observe wildlife, go horseback riding, and in winter, cross country ski.

Straddling the border between Garfield and Kane counties, Bryce Canyon National Park is nearly at the heart of the Five County area, a short, scenic drive from nearly all of the major towns. There one can find thousands of delicately-carved, brilliantly-colored spires. Millions of years of wind and water at work have etched out the pink cliffs of Bryce Canyon. For centuries, bands of Paiutes lived in and around Bryce. In the fall of 1875, Ebenezer Bryce, a Scottish immigrant and millwright, became one of the first white settlers. In 1920, Ruben C. Syrett built the first accommodations for tourists, and in 1923, public pressure convinced President Harding to designate Bryce as a national monument. In 1928, it became a national park, and by 1942 the park reached its present size of 35,835 acres. Bryce Canyon was not widely known until the 1920s and 1930s, when it was extensively advertised by the Union Pacific Railroad. Today it is easily accessible, and people go there to camp, walk, hike, ride horseback, view wildlife, and cross-country ski or snowshoe in winter.

Approximately two hours northeast of Bryce is Capitol Reef National Park, located in Wayne County (not in this region) and Garfield County. Its brilliant colors are manifested in 75 miles of spires, formations, cliffs, and gorges. In the midst of red rocks and ancient petroglyphs are large orchards and the remnants of an early pioneer settlement. The Fremont culture also inhabited the area and left their mark on the canyon in the form of petroglyphs and pictographs. In 1971, Congress designated Capitol Reef as a national park. Visitation is light in comparison to other national parks as Capitol Reef is relatively undiscovered. Those who come enjoy camping, hiking, auto touring, fruit-picking, and wildlife observation.

Part of Canyonlands National Park is located at the very northeastern tip of Garfield County. It offers views thousands of feet down to the Green and Colorado Rivers, or thousands of feet up to red rock pinnacles, cliffs, and spires. Major John Wesley Powell was the first to thoroughly explore and document the region as he made his expedition down the Colorado River in 1869. Public awareness of the scenic canyon country was due mostly to the efforts of Arches National Monument Superintendent Bates Wilson in the early 1950s. In 1964, President Johnson signed a bill establishing Canyonlands National Park, consisting of 257,640 acres. The park was expanded in 1971 to its present 337,570 acres. This rugged national park is renown for its four-wheel driving, mountain biking, white water rafting, and hiking.

The District is also in close proximity to the North Rim of the Grand Canyon, where millions of recreationists visit each year.

National Monuments and Recreation Areas. Four other federally designated natural areas are located in Southwestern Utah. Located in Iron County is Cedar Breaks National Monument, a sort of a miniature Bryce Canyon. It is shaped like a giant coliseum dropping 2,000 feet to its floor. At an elevation of ten-thousand feet, it offers breathtaking views, scenic trails for hiking and biking, and excellent cross-country skiing in the winter.

Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument designated by President Clinton 1996 is the nation's first national monument managed by the Bureau of Land Management. The 1.9 million acre unit includes a very large portion of both Garfield and Kane counties.

Glen Canyon National Recreation Area borders the eastern edge of Garfield and Kane counties, and its reservoir, Lake Powell, is the second largest in North America. Hundreds of side canyons, inlets and coves make Lake Powell a paradise for houseboating, fishing, and photography.

National Forest and Wilderness Areas. Southwestern Utah is also rich in other federal recreation resources. The Dixie National Forest is the largest national forest in the state, stretching 170 miles across all five counties, and straddling the divide between the Great Basin and the Colorado Plateau. Throughout this region, giant ponderosa pines, spruce, and fir contrast with crimson-colored, weather-sculpted rock formations. Camping facilities are offered throughout the national forest, and many areas offer backpacking adventures. Brian Head Ski Resort is located in the Dixie National Forest in Iron County.

A small southern portion of Fishlake National Forest is in Beaver County. The alpine terrain of the Tushar Mountains is perfect for year round activities, including four-wheeling, fishing, hiking, biking, skiing, solitude, and relaxation. Elk Meadows Ski and Summer resort is located in the National Forest along Scenic Byway 153 .

The region also has three congressionally-designated wilderness areas: Ashdown Gorge, Pine Valley Mountains, and Box-Death Hollow. Motor vehicles and bicycles are not allowed in wilderness areas. They are widely used for hunting, fishing, backpacking, horseback riding, hiking, and camping. The Bureau of Land

Management administers two more wilderness areas in the region: Paria Canyon, and Beaver Dam Mountains.

State Parks. Not all of the recreation resources in this region come in the form of federally designated land. The region is also home to nine state parks: Sand Hollow, Snow Canyon, Quail Creek, Gunlock, Iron Mission, Coral Pink Sand Dunes, Kodachrome Basin, Escalante, and Anasazi. These parks feature reservoirs, brilliant red rock formations, and historic sites. Activities vary from camping, boating, and fishing to riding off-road vehicles, visiting interpretive areas, and enjoying nature trails.

Urban Recreation. The region is also host to numerous cultural events and forms of urban recreation. In fact, any brochure promoting the region boasts about the numerous golf courses within a minutes from each other. One brochure claimed that in relation to its population, the St. George area offers more golf than any other place in the Sunbelt. These golf courses are important tourist attractions for in-state visitors since this is probably the only region in Utah that offers the activity year round.

Another important urban attraction in the area is the performing arts. Tuacahn Amphitheater, is promoted as America’s “Broadway in the Desert.” The Zion Canyon Cinemax theater boasts one of the largest screens in the world and features “Zion-Treasure of the Gods,” a breathtaking movie about the region, as well as other I-max films. The nationally-acclaimed Shakespearean Festival in Cedar City draws thousands of people to Southern Utah University each summer. Visitors participate in renaissance festivities and can see three Shakespearean productions rotated nightly, as well as modern plays. Performing arts resources aimed more for local residents include the St. George Musical Theater, Dixie Performing Arts Series, Celebrity Concert Series, the Southwest Symphony’s concert season, country music concerts, and music festivals.

Other urban recreation resources available include spectator sports and museums. Dixie State College and Southern Utah University often produce winning football and basketball teams, which attract local residents to the games. And numerous historical sites and museums, such as the Pioneer Museum and Brigham Young’s Winter Home in St. George, and Old Courthouse Museum in Beaver, offer a walk through history of pioneer times in this region.

From attending outdoor stage shows to hiking the back country of Pine Valley Wilderness Area, the recreation resources of the Five County region are numerous and diverse. Golfing and performing arts are

some of the urban resources available to residents and visitors, while vast areas of land beyond the towns and cities provide nationally- and state-designated natural recreation areas. With so many recreation possibilities available, population and visitation in the area have boomed in recent years.

HUMAN RESOURCES

A Health and Human Services Directory lists and categorizes all of the human resources serving the Five County District. The directory included everything from hotlines and help lines, to family services, to crisis and food shelters. Rather than duplicate the entire directory, this section summarizes the various services available to the region.

Obviously some of the most important and revered resources in communities are medical facilities. Within the Five County District are two medical centers (in St. George and Cedar City), four hospitals (in Beaver, Milford, Panguitch and Kanab), numerous medical clinics, an Indian Health Services program, and a rehabilitation program. Another important area of human resources is child and youth services, of which there are many in the region. They include crisis shelters for runaways, a child abuse reporting line, a child care resource center, child care assistance programs, respite care programs, day care centers, family counseling, among many others.

A variety of education and employment centers are also available in the region, from adult education centers, to Health education services , and from Elderhostel programs to Family Employment services. Family Services is also a broad category that includes a range of services from child counseling services to adult protective services to workforce services. Financial and legal support services include insurance billing services, consumer credit counseling, and federal financial aid assistance.

The Five County Association of Governments is an important resource in the region as it oversees and organizes numerous programs dealing with two main divisions: community and economic development, and human services. Within the Five County Association of Governments are several resources: Five County Child Care Resource and Referral Center, Health Insurance Information Program (HIIP), H.E.A.T. Program, Home and Community Based Alternative Services, Home Investment Partnership Program, Human Services, Medicaid Aging Waiver, Respite Program, Retired and Senior Volunteer Program, Foster Grandparent Program, Senior Companion Program, The Long Term Care Ombudsman Program, and Weatherization Assistance Program.

A variety of other human resources are also available in Southwestern Utah, including counseling services, crisis shelters and food services, disabled services, drug and alcohol abuse and prevention programs, home health services, medical equipment providers and services, public health programs, senior services, and support services. Enough programs and services exist in the area to serve almost any human resource need. However, most of the centers are located in either St. George or Cedar City, which leaves few resources available for residents of Beaver, Garfield, and Kane counties. Yet, these residents are in close proximity to such essentials as medical facilities and emergency shelters, which are available in each county. In addition, all residents in the region have access to the Community Resource Center, where they can call and learn exactly which resources are available to them and would best fit their needs.

Human resources that are lacking in the region and being worked on by Human Services are: support of low income persons, child care and support for low income infants (not eligible for state-sponsored child care), in home services for senior citizens, distribution of emergency food to low income consumers, some kind of volunteer transportation or car-pooling, affordable housing, education and advertisement of resource center, literacy training for low income individuals, and community support services.

EDUCATION

One of Utah's main exports is educated young adults. The Five County region is no exception. As a result of a relatively young population, Southwestern Utah houses numerous public schools. Five school districts – one for each county – oversee the schools in the region. Private schools are also available in the region.

The region is also home to two higher schools of learning: Dixie State College and Southern Utah University. Dixie State College, currently enrolls more than 6,000 students. It offers programs for seven bachelor degrees and has strong academic programs in the sciences, liberal arts, fine arts, trade and industries, physical education, and continuing education. The College houses an Elderhostel program and the Institute of Continued Learning, hosts numerous conferences, workshops, and seminars, and serves as the cultural center for Southern Utah, as it is home to the Southwest Symphony Orchestra, the Celebrity Concert Series, and the Southwest Guild.

Southern Utah University is located in Cedar City, and currently enrolls more than 6,000 students. It offers programs for associate's, bachelor's, and master's degrees, and specializes in Theater Arts, Education, Music, Biology, Communications, Physical Education, and Psychology.

In addition, Utah State University has cooperative extension offices in each of the five counties, as well as continuing education centers in Cedar City and St. George.

TRANSPORTATION AND ACCESSIBILITY

Southwestern Utah is served by various transportation modes, including highways, airports, and a railroad. However, Beaver, Iron, and Washington counties – the western counties of the region – have much better transportation access than the eastern counties – Garfield and Kane.

Interstate 15 is a major route between Salt Lake City, Las Vegas, and Los Angeles, and serves the two largest population centers in the area: St. George and Cedar City. State Highways 14 and 9, leading easterly from Cedar City and Washington County respectively, are principal routes which connect I-15 with U.S. Highway 89 in Kane and Garfield counties. U.S. 89 is a two-lane highway and the main artery through these two counties, connecting the largest towns: Panguitch (Garfield) and Kanab (Kane) (see Map in the Appendices). Both highways 14 and 9 have serious shortcomings. The first crosses the Markagunt Plateau above the 10,000-foot mark and winter snows frequently inhibit travel. The second cuts through Zion National Park in which a long, narrow tunnel eliminates the possibility of heavy commercial traffic.

Two other state highways link Washington and Iron counties with Kane and Garfield counties. Highway 59 leads southeasterly from Hurricane, through a portion of Arizona, and joins with Kanab. Highway 20 connects I-15 in Iron

County with U.S. Highway 89 in Garfield County. Other highways of significance include State Highway 56, a principal through route leading west from Cedar City to Nevada; State Highway 18, which links the towns of western Washington County with St. George; State Highway 21, a principal through route which leads westerly from I-15 at Beaver City, the largest city in Beaver County, and passes through the other principal cities and towns in Beaver County, Minersville and Milford; and State Highway 12, Utah first All American Road, which leads easterly from U.S. Highway 89 in Garfield County, providing access to Bryce Canyon National Park, as well as connecting the smaller communities in Garfield County with Panguitch, the county seat.

The region has a number of publicly accessible airports. Both St. George and Cedar City have municipal airports offering regularly scheduled airline service. SkyWest/Delta operates a commuter service with several daily flights, and offers connecting flights on Delta Airlines to worldwide destinations. Other municipal airports in the region include Milford (Beaver County); Bryce Canyon and Escalante (Garfield County);

Parowan (Iron County); and Kanab (Kane County). These airports offer various services (fuel, communications, hangar or tie-down) but no scheduled airline service. Other municipal airports which offer few or no facilities include those at Beaver City (Beaver County); Beryl Junction (Iron County); Panguitch and Boulder (Garfield County); Bullfrog Basin (Kane County); and Colorado City -- Hildale (Washington County).

The Union Pacific Railroad provides rail service by a direct line between Salt Lake City and Los Angeles with freight service stops at Milford and Cedar City. Garfield, Kane, and Washington counties are not serviced by rail.

Bus service is provided along Interstate 15 by Greyhound Trailways buslines. TWA provides chartered bus service to the national parks during the summer tourist season. No local service bus systems are available. A number of private taxi operators provide service in St. George, Kanab, and Cedar City. Daily freight and express package deliveries are provided by several trucking companies.

Mass transit is provided in St. George City (an entitlement community) through SunTran, operated by the City of St. George. Cedar City is served by the transit system known as CATS (Cedar Area Transportation System) operated by Cedar City Corporation.

In summary, the highway grid in Washington, Iron, and Beaver counties provides good access for people and goods to St. George and Cedar City; the two major economic and population centers of the region. Access to these centers from Kane and Garfield counties is less convenient. Interstate 15, in turn, connects these centers with important metropolitan centers including Salt Lake City, Las Vegas, and Los Angeles. Distances to these markets (250-300 miles to Salt Lake City, 400-450 miles to Los Angeles, and 125-175 miles to Las Vegas) make competition with urban centers difficult. The commuter airline service is a real advantage to the western part of the region.